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#### Abstract

Compiled by an independent research organization for the House Select Committee on Children, Youth, and Families, the 92 tables in this 1987 report update the committee's 1983 assessment of the conditions in which American children and their families live. These tables, winch constitute a concise statistical summary of the most recent national data, provide information about: population; family environment; income; education; health and health-related behavior; behavior and attitudes; and selected government programs affecting children. The 1983 report identified what appeared to be dramatic shifts in families' social and economic conditions and living arrangements. This report demonstrates that these trends have made an imprint on the demographics of U.S. society and continue to create rigorous new challenges for American families. In some areas, pressures are intensifying. Included are comments of a minority of the committee which are in disagreement with the view that the trends indicated by the statistics are permanent and which point out positive trends in the data. (RH)


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100th Congress
1st Sesaion

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## U.S. CHILDREN AND THEIR FAMILIES: CURRENT CONDITIONS AND RECENT TRENDS, 1987

# A REPORT <br> together with <br> ADDITIONAL VIEWS OF THE <br> SELECT COMMITTEE ON CHILDREN, YOUTH, AND FAMILIES U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES <br> ONE HUNDREDTH CONGRESS 

FIRST SESSION


MARCH 1987

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## U.S. CHILDREN AND THEIR FAMILIES: CURRENT CONDITIONS AND RECENT TRENDS, 1987

## INTRODUCTION

In 1983, the Select Committee on Children, Youth, and Families began an assessment of the conditions in which American children and their families live. Our first report portrayed in detail the social and economic circumstances of American families. Now, at the outset of the 100 th Congress, we have updated that assessment with "U.S. Children and Their Families: Current Conditions and Recent Trends, 1987."

This is a report card on where we stand as a nation in terms of families' financial status, housing arrangements, and the educational and health status of our youth. Four years ago, we identified what appeared to be dramatic shifts in families' social and economic conditions and living arrangements. What this report demonstrates beyond a doubt is that these trends are not temporary phenomena. They have made a permanent imprint on the demographics of our society and they continue to create rigorous new challenges for American families. In some areas the pressures are intensifying.
This report shows, for example, that:
In 1982, 5.8 million families with children were headed by single women. By 1986, the number of female-headed families increased by nearly a quarter of a million. One out of four children under 18 now lives in a single-parent household.

In 1982, we noted that nearly a majority of young children lived in households where both parents, or the only parent present, worked. Today, that is a fact for a majority of American children 5 years old or younger.
When the decade began, 39 percent of married mothers with infants under age one were in the workforce. By 1986, a majority of these mothers with infants were in the labor force.
In 1982, we noted that the poverty rate for children had increased by nearly one-third between 1970 to 1981, from 15 percent to about 20 peicent. In 1985, more than 20 percent of all children remain impoverished.
Progress in reducing infant mortality has slowed dramatically. Black infants continue to die at nearly twice the rate oi white infants, and the gap has widened over the past five years.
Low-income children suffer disproportionately in their health status, with higher rates of chronic disability, and lower utilization rates of medical and dental services.
The new data also reveal signs of progress:
Student SAT scores, rebounding in 1982 after a steady slide since the early sixties, continue to show modest increases through 1985.

While drug use among high school seniors remains high, it has declined steadily between 1981 and 1985; cocaine use, however, continues to rise.

In 1985, 67 percent of all black elementary school children lived in families where one or both parents finished high school, up by nearly one-third since the beginning of the 1980 s.
This compilation is not intended to be cumprehensive, nor does it use every statistical series available. It includes only those data for which there are reasonably reliable national measures. Nevertheless, it should be noted that national data often mask regional and local differences.
By adding a great deal of new information, this report presents a clearer and more comprehensive picture of this nation's children and families than was possible before. We have included previously unavailable data on Hispanic children, foster children, adopted children and children with various health and mental health problems, and children's health insurance coverage.
Yet, the dearth of solid, national statistics on these and many other groups of children, such as Native American children, children of immigrants, handicapped children, and children of homeless and displaced families, continues to make the development of responsive policies affecting these groups difficult.
Beginning with our first report, the knowledge gathered by the Select Committee on Children, Youth, and Familier has added measurably to the information base of the Congress, and has sharpened substantially the debate on problems facing America's children, youth and families. The evidence of the past four years alone signals changing circumstances that demand intelligent and creative responses from families, institutions, and government at all levels. We hope that this new report, which confirms profound changes in the lives of American families, will further enhance our ability to make sound policy choices.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Committee wishes to thank Child Trends, Inc. for compiling this report. Child Trends is a not-for-profit research organization dedicated to improving the scope, quality, and use of statistical information about children and families.

The preparation of this report was made possible by Grant No. SES-8501616 from the National Science Foundation, for support of activities aimed at "Improving the Basic Research Potential of Federal Statistics on Children, Youth, and Families," and by supplementary support provided by the Office of the Assistant ${ }^{\circ}$ cretary for Planning and Evaluation of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

George Miller, Chairman, Dan Coats, Ranking Minority Member.

1. Number of Children by Ace. Rice and Spanlsh Orfein. The total number of children has fallen since the early ig70s but is projected to rise somewhat in the coming decade. The nuaber of preschool chiddren has increased since 1980, but is projected to begin decreasing by the year 2000. The number of elewentary school-aged children continues to be low compared with 1980, but will increase through the year 2000. The number of secondary-school aged youth wild continue to decline through 1990, but then increase by the turn of the century. the number of black children is expected to rise betueen 1985 and 2000.
Spanish-origin children, now 10 percent or all children, will climb to 13 percent by the year 2000. Children under 18, as a percentage of the total U.S. population, have declined from comprising more than third of thi population in 1960 to just over a quarter of the population in 1985.


Note: Mon-khiteprefers to all races other than uhite, and includes blacks, Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and any other race except White. Blacks comprise the sreat majority of non-whites. People of Spanish origin can be of any race.

Source: "Preliminary Estimates of the Population of the United States by Age, Sex and Race: 1970 to 1981," Cyrrent Population Reports, Series P25, No.
 917. Table 1; "Estimates of the Population of the United States by Ake, Sex and iace: 1980 to 1985, " Current Population Reports, Series P25, No.
985 , Table $1 ;$ mrojections of the Population of the United States: ig83 to 2080, " Current Pooulation_Reports, Series P25, Ho. 952, Toble 6 to 2080, " Currant Pooulation_Reports, Series P25, No. 952, Toble 6
(widde series); 1970 Census volume, "Characteristics of the Population,
 Population, U.s. Sumary, "Jable 155 ; and mpojections of the Hispanic Population: 1983 to $2080, \mathrm{P}-25, \mathrm{No}. \mathrm{995}$,Table 2 (middle series).
2. Mumber of alriths. Although the fertility rate has remained low in recent years isec provioua table), the annual number of births has risen .- rauctuating between 3.6 and 3.7 million since 1980 -- as the children of the baby boom have grown up and become parent a themselves.

|  | Birthe (1n ehewsangs) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1950 | 1955 | 1968 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1985 |
| Total | 3,632 | 4,097 | 4,258 | 3,760 | 3,731 | 3,144 | 3,612 | 3,629 | 3,681 | 3,639 | 3,669 |
| White | 3.108 | 3.485 | 3,601 | 3,124 | 3,091 | 2,552 | 2,899 | 2,909 | 2,942 | 2,907 |  |
| Non-white | 524 | 613 | 657 | 636 | 640 | 592 | 714 | 721 | 738 | 1935 | 2,746 |
| Black | MA | NA | 602 | 581 | 572 | 9.12 | 590 | 588 | 593 | 586 | 593 |

Source: Mational Center for Health Statiatics, Yital Statistion of the United states,
 Table 1 ; for 1981, Yol 32, No. 9, Table 1: for 1982 , Vol. 33 Vod. 31 . No. 6 , Table lif for 1981, Vol 32, No. 9, Table 1; for 1982, Vol. 33, Ho. 6, Teble $1 ;$ for 1983, Vol. 34 , No. 6, Table $1 ;$ ror 1984, Vol. 35, No. 4, tadie 1 .
 draseticalif aons both non-whites and whites. Since the $1970{ }^{\circ}$, thase ratas hive ahoun ralativaly iftele chenge. the fartility rate rawelne hishar among non. whitea. The fartitity rets of Hiepenic voeen to about 50 percent highar then that of non-Hispanics.

## 

|  | 1950 | 1960 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 2981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1885 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 106 | 118 | 88 | 66 | 68 | 67 | 67 | 68 | 65 | 66. |
| Mhits | 102 | 113 | 81 | 63 | 65 | 64 | 64 | 62 | 62 |  |
| Non-white | 137 | 154 | 113 | 88 | 89 | 86 | 86 | 83 | 83 |  |
| Blaok | no | 154 | 115 | 88 | 88 | 85 | 84 | 82 | 81 |  |
| Hispanio | ns | $n 8$ | na | no | 95 | 98 | 96 | n) | no |  |
| Mon-Hiapania | ne | ne | na | ne | 67 | 65 | 85 | ne | ne |  |

Note: Deta on Hiepsinc orisin ware collected in 22 atatas in 1980 and 1981 and in 23 statas in 1982. Persone of Hiepsinc orisin can bs of any recs.
efroviaional dats fron the Mational Cantar for Health statiatice.

Source: Mational Cantar for Haelth Statiatica, Yital statiatice or the United Stitit, Annual Matality Voluma for 1950 , 1960 , 1970 end 1975 . Monthly
 1900. Konthly Vital statiation. leport, Annuel sumery of Birthe

 thot Repapt, EAdvance Raport of Final tatelity stetiatice, 1984, Vol. 35, No. 4 Supplesent, Table if 1905 dete from Monthly Vital Stetiatice Report, Yol. 34. Mo. 13. Hispenic dets fro stephenis Venture. alirthe of HIapand c Parantege, 1909, Monthly Vienlisentitiles leport, Vol. 32, Mo. 6, Table 6; Birtho of Hiepenic Parentese, 1901, Yonthiy Yitilestetiatias degopt Vol. 33, Mo. B; and birthe of Hiepenic perantese, 1982, Monthly

 ofe Group =- the fertility rate - has falien in ovary ige and race groug azoapt vary youns white toanesera. fotan for white women in thoir oerly thirtiae fall dursng the 1970 but heve raboundad in reoent yoerse fartility ratea among wouen in their fortioe er lee then haif whot they ware in $190_{0}$.



 the number of bablet born outelde mariege it more than ilve tima hlghor now
 aumber of birthe to married romen het decilned. Thus, the proporition of children borin to uniegried vomen ha been riolng. Awong blecke, neeriy oli in ten blrthe now occur to unmaried vomen, deapite decline in the rete of blrche to blect unmerried woeen. The proportion of eli Dlathe to tunmerited women eccounted for by teange mothers hae decilmed alnce 1970.

Itrche to Onmartied momen

|  | 1250 | 1260 | 1190 | 1213 | 2180* | 124** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Focal Nueber (000a) | 342 | 224 | 399 | 448 | S66 | 770 |
| Number to Women <br> tader age 20 (000a) <br> Percenc of rocal Borm to monen 7nder 20 | 39 | 22 | 200 | 223 | 272 | 270 |
|  | 421 | 410 | 504 | 504 | 414 | 351 |
| Ifreh Race <br> (Elrthe per 2,000 <br> Unmerried momen 15-44) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 14.1 | 21.6 | 26.4 | 24.5 | 29.4 | 31.0 |
| Mince | 6.1 | 9.2 | 13.9 | 12.4 | 17.6 | 20.1 |
| Non-vaite | 71.2 | 94.3 | 19.9 | 79.0 | 77.2 | 71.4 |
| aleck | na | na | 95.5 | 14.2 | 12.9 | 76.1 |
| Mi apanic | ma | na | na | ne | 52.0 | ne |
| Mon-Miaganic | ne | na | ne | na | 27.7 | na |
| Le Percent of dit ofreha |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| zotal | 4.04 | 3.31 | 10.71 | 14.20 | 10.48 | 21.04 |
| whice | 1.7 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 7.3 | 10.0 | 13.4 |
| Non-white | 16.0 | 21.6 | 34.9 | 44.2 | 41.5 | 30.1 |
| Black | na | na | 37.6 | 44.1 | 53.3 | 59.2 |
| Mlepanic | ne | na | ma | na | 23.6 | 21.3 |
| Non-Mlapande | na | na | na | $\pi$ | 11.5 | 20.1 |

- Bince IJJ., these nuabera have been produced by new menod. Thle change hes increaed estimean of childbearlong to unmerride vomen, particulerly anome older voen. Since younger women eccount for the mijoriey of eli birthe to unserried woen. the overelf effect of the new method hes been ilali. increaning che atiluesed number of bircha to unmeryiaj vomen in 1910 by 3.5 percent (Metional Cencer for Malth Statiatlea, Monthly Vital Seatiaticg Reporfi - Mvanco

Source:
Maclonal Centai for Masd th Statiotlea, Vitel stotietics of the united

 of Iinal xacelity Statistice, ist, fablee 2 anc 15 . id radvance kepor
 entege: $1910^{\circ}$. Monthly vital statiotics teport, Vol. 32. No. 6 supple-
 Perencage, 1913-1964\%, Monthly viral Stacintics kepo: forcheoning
 Cotuabse).
6. Households fith Children. Pamilies with children, particularly married couples with children, represent a decreasing proportion of all households, while the proportion of non-family households has increased.

Total number of households
Percent distribution of households Family Householde

Married couple, no children
Married couple, children 0-17
Male householder, children 0-17
Female householder, chlidren 0-17
other families, without children
Non-family Households

Total Households and Percent Distribution By Type of Household
$1970 \quad 1980 \quad 1984 \quad 1986$
63.4 mil. 80.8 mil. $\quad 85.4$ mil. 88.5 mil.
$45.38\left\{\begin{array}{c}81.27 \\ 30.3 \\ 40.3 \\ 0.5 \\ 4.7 \\ 5.6 \\ 18.8\end{array}\right.$
$38.48\left\{\begin{array}{r}73.71 \\ 29.9 \\ 30.9 \\ 0.8 \\ 6.7 \\ 5.4 \\ 26.3\end{array}\right.$
$36.37\left\{\begin{array}{r}72.64 \\ 30.1 \\ 28.5 \\ 0.9 \\ 6.9 \\ 6.0 \\ 27.4\end{array}\right.$

Note: The Bureau of the Census defines a family as a group of two or more persons residing together and related by birth, marriage, or adoption. A household consists of all those persons who occupy a housing unit. It includes related family members, and all unrelated personc, if any. A person inving alone in a housing unit or a group of unrelated persons sharing a housing unit is counced as a household. A nonmfamily household consists of a parson or persons maintaining a household while living alone or with nonrelatives only. A householder is usually the person, or one of ir, persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person in the household, the householder can be any adult household member. Labor force tabulations based on the civilian population only; data may not agree with published data due to differences in weighting procedures.

Source: Household data are from the U.S. Bureau of the Census. "Household and Family Characteristics: March 1984," Current Population Reports, Series P.20, No. 398, Table A; and unpubl.shed data from the Current Population Survey, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

$$
13
$$

7. Femple-Hended Fanilies. The mumer of fanilies with children under 18 has been increasing, especially those tefded by iffales. The proportion of families headed by women has risen among both blacks; and whites but remains substantially higher anong blacks.

Humber of Families Vith Gindiden_Under i8 (in_milions)

|  | 1960 | 1970 | 1980 | 1984 | 1586 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total fomilies | 25.66 | 28.81 | 31.02 | 31.05 | 31.67 |
| Female-headed | 1.89 | 2.93 | 5.45 | 5.91 | 6.11 |
| White families | 23.26 | 25.54 | 26.47 | 26.21 | 26.58 |
| Female-headed | 1.39 | 2.00 | 3.56 | 3.86 | 4.04 |
| Black families | 2.45 | 2.98 | 3.82 | 3.92 | 4.06 |
| Fenale-headed | . 50 | .91 | 1.79 | 1.91 | 1.93 |
|  | Percent Female-Hieadeg |  |  |  |  |
| Total Fanilies with children | 78 | 104 | 185 | 198 | 198 |
| White <br> Black | 6 21 | 8 31 | 13 47 | 15 49 | 15 48 |

Source: U.S. Buresu of the Census Statistical abstract or the United States. 1985 (for 1960-1980), Jable 66; U.S. Bureau of the Census
 Cucrent Population Reports, Series P-20, No. dil, "Household a
Family Characteristics: Harch 1985 n and eardicr reports; and Family Characteristics: March $1985^{n}$ and eardicr reports; and
unpublished data rrom the Current Population Survey, U.S. Bureau of the Census.
8. Hetropolitin ond central city fescetencs, Forty-siz percent of all children Under is years of age who live with one or both parents live in the suburbs of aetropolitan areas. Black children are zore than twice as likely as uhite children to live in the central cities of metropolitan areas. Hispanic children re highly concentratedin the zajor metropolitan areas, but they are more ilikely than black children to de living in the suburbs.

## Metronolitan and Central Cify Residence. Gireh 1986

Number of


All children under 18 yesrs
living with one or both parents
Living in netropolitan areas Inside central cities inside central cities
Outside central cities Living outside metropolitan areas

| 61,143 | 100.08 |
| :--- | :---: |
| 46,829 | 76.68 |
| 18,445 | 30.2 |
| 28,385 | 46.4 |
| 14.313 | 23.4 |

Wh.te children under 18 year:
ilving with one or both parents
+9.985 100.08
Living in metropolitan aras Inside central cities outside central cities
Living outside metropolitan areas

| 37,555 | 75.28 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 12,273 | 24.6 |
| 25,292 | 50.6 |
| $12, .19$ | 24.8 |

Black chilaren under 18 years
living with one or both parents
8.927
100.08

Living in metropolitan areas Inside central cities Outside central cities
Livint outside metropolitan areas

| 7.442 | 83.48 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5.256 | 58.9 |
| 2.186 | 24.5 |
| 1.485 | 16.6 |

Hispanic children uncer 18 years
living with one or both parents $6,230 \quad 100.08$
Living in matropolitan areaa
Inside central cities
outside central cities
tivine outside metropolitan areas

| 5.597 | 89.88 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3.457 | 55.5 |
| 2.140 | 34.3 |
| 623 | 10.0 |

Note: Comparisons with earlier years may be alsleading because of changes in the sample design of the Current population Survey and in the definition of Eetropolitan statistical sreas.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, unpublished data. See also Table in . snual issued of Current Population heoprti, "Haritel status Bnd Livine Arratemonta."
9. Besitence in Oyned Howeing, Rented Houstng and Publicly Subsidized Housing. A 65 percent mijority of U.S. children under 18 live in housing that is owped by uhite children live in ouned housing, approximevely 60 pheres neariy 70 percent of Hise chic children Hispanic children live in rented housing. one in six blick children and one in a eillion children living in public housing are black or Hispanic. (Chileren giliion children living in public housing are black or hispanic. (chilcren children make up 88 percent of the 39.4 willion children who live in housing owned by a parent or other houschold cember.

Houslang Tenure_or Families with Childred_Under 18 .
Harch 1985

Number of
Children
Children
Gn theusands)

| 60.784 | 100.08 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 39.379 | 64.88 |
| 21.405 | 35.2 |
| 2.413 | 4.0 |

Percent Distribution

All children under 18 years living with one or both parents living in:

Owned housing
Rented housing
Publicly subsidized housing

White children under 18 yests living with one or both parents
Living in:
49,829
$100.0 \%$
34, 730
15,099
Publifely subsidized housing

Black children under 18 ycers
living with one or both parents
living in:
ouned housing
Rented housing
Publicly subsidized housing

Hispanic children under is years
living with one or both parents
living in:
Owned housing
Rented housing
Publicly subsidized housing

| 2,430 | 41.58 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3,426 | 58.5 |
| 333 | 5.7 |

Note: Housing tenure refers to tist of the householder, who mby or may not be the child's parent.
Source: Calculated from U.S. Bureay of the Census, NMaritsl Status and Living Arrangezents: Hirch 1985, Wycrent Popylition Report:, Series Pa 20, Mo. 410, Table 9.

## fakily environaent

[^1]Source: Calculated from unpublished data fron March 1986 Current Popslatior. Survey data, U.S. Bureau or the Census. Proportions adoptad and living with remarried parents were estimated rrom the 1981 Child Health Supplement to the Kational Health Interviey $\}$ Survey and tha 1982 National Survey of Family Grouth.
2. Humber of Pacents. The proportion of children living with just their sother has risen among whites and blacks, but remains higher among black children. doout 40 percent of all black children live in two-parent ramilies and nearly ons in fifteen lives with neither parent.

|  | All Races |  |  | Hhite |  |  | Black |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1970 | 1882 | 1986 | 1970 | 1982 | 1986 | 1970 | 1982 | 1986 |
| Percent living with: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mother only | 10.7 | 20.0 | 21.0 | 7.8 | 15.3 | 15.7 | 29.3 | 47.2 | 40.68 50.6 |
| Divorced | 3.3 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 3.1 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 4.6 | 9.6 | 11.1 |
| Married, spouse absent | 4.7 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 2.8 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 16.2 | 13.6 | 12.0 |
| Mever merried | 0.8 | 4.4 | 5.7 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 4.A | 20.8 | 24.9 |
| Widowed | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 2.6 |
| Father only | 1.1 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| Heither parent | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 10.4 | 8.4 | 6.4 |

Hote: Children living with two parents include those living with a parent and stepparent and those living with adoptive parents. Children living with neither parent include those diving with relatives other than their parents, uith non-relatives, or in group quarters. The small number
of persons under 18 maintaining their own households are not included.

Source: U.S. Buresu of the Census, Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1982-83, Table 76; Current Populition Reports, Series P-20, NO. 380 , Karital Status and Living hrrangements: yarch 1982; and unoublished data from the Current Population Survey, U.S. Bureau of the Census.
3. Children kiving with Thair Nochers only, The increese in the number of children ilving only
 he nuber of children living wien divored mochar mor than doubled betcen in and chenge is due tr inprowements in survey coverage and data coding. the nuber ilving with a idowed mother fell by more than one third. Since 1982 , ehe growth in the number of children living with divorced ond separated mothers appears to have slackened ols. The growth in the number of childron born and zaised our-of-wediock has continued, but may have begun to slow in 1985 .

|  | $\frac{\text { Numbar of Childron Onder } 18}{\text { (in } 181110 n s)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child livas with |  |  |  |  | - Change |
| mothaz who is: | $\underline{1970}$ | 1982 | 1985 | 1986 | 1970-86 |
| Divorced | 2.3 ald. | 5.1 ald. | 5.3 mit . | 5.4 mil. | +135* |
| Saparated | 2.3 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.9 | + 268 |
| nover married | 0.5 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 3.6 | +620\% |
| Midowed | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.9 | - 368 |
| Total children living with mother only | 7.5 mil. | 12.5 mild. | 13.1 mald. | 13.2 mid. | + 76\% |

Source: U.S. Buroau of the Consus, Curront population peporte, series p-20, No. 410, Marital Status and Living Arranqemantiss March 1f85" and antier roports; and unpublished daca izose the Curront population Survey V.5. Bureau of the Consus.
4. Children Living Wich Thair Fachers Only. Nehough childran are till lar more likely to live With theiz mothers than with their fathers after a divorce or birth outside of marriage, the number living with their fathers only has more chan doubled in the last 15 years. As of 1986 , more than a milifon and a halt young people were living with their tachera only.

| Number of Children Onder 18 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Change } \\ & 1970-86 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| cathereno: | 1970 | $\underline{192}$ | 2905 | $\underline{386}$ |  |
| Divoreed | 177 thous. | 658 thous. | 750 thous. | 796 chous. | +350\% |
| Saparared | 152 | 255 | 329 | 289 | + 90\% |
| Nover married | 30 | 114 | 260 | 318 | +960\% |
| Widowed | 254 | 144 | 162 | 145 | - 431 |
| Soral children Iiving with father only | 748 chous. | 1,189 chous. | 1,554 thous. | 1,579 thous. | +111t |

Source: U.S. Bureav of the Consu*, Curront population reporta, Series P-20, No. 410, 'Marital Status and Living Arrangements March 1985" and U.S. Bureau of the Census.
. anor 19
5. Humber of Childeen Per Eanily. The proportion of all fomllies with 4 or wore children has fallan sharply. Thara has been corresponding pise in the proportion of fanilits with no childien or only one child. similar changes took place for black families and fasilias of Spantsh origin, as for non-minority pandiles, except that the proportion of black familiss with no children first fatdies, except that the proportion of bl

|  | Percent Distribution of Families by Number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 19i? | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1986 | 1083 | 1986 |
| Adj ramilies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ho children | $43 \%$ | -38 | 445 | 46\% | 488 | 503 | $50 \%$ |
| 1 child | 18 | 14 | 18 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| 2 children | 18 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 19 |
| 3 children | 11 | 11 | 11 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 7 |
| 4 or more childrer. | 10 | 11 | 10 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| Black fandiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ho children | 445 | 408 | 398 | 378 | 388 | 405 | 418 |
| 1 child | 16 | 17 | 18 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 23 |
| 2 children | 13 | 14 | 15 | 17 | 20 | 19 | 20 |
| 3 children | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 |
| - or more children | 18 | 19 | 18 | 14 | 8 | 6 | 6 |
| Spantsh origin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mo chllder | NA | NA | 308 | 298 | 315 | $32 \%$ | 35\% |
| 1 chil ¢ | NA | HA | 20 | 23 | 22 | 23 | 22 |
| 2 children | NA | HA | 19 | 20 | 23 | 24 | 24 |
| 3 ch 11 dren | NA | HA | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 |
| 4 or more children | Na | HA | 18 | 15 | 10 | 9 | 7 |

Note: Own children" includet biological, adopted, and steprehildren. The rigures represent oroas-section of faililes at given point in time, and at suoh do not reflect the distribution or fandilas by tha number of childran they wili ultiatiely have. For example, while als of families had no children in 1981 , many For example, whila as of families had no children in 1981 , many
of thesa failias previously had or subsaquently will have one of thest fandias previously had or subsaquenty will have one
or more children. Because the vast mejority or $U . S$. families are or more children. Beciuse the vast mijority or d. S. families are White, the percent distributions for white ramslies are very ciose deth for blacks inolude other races as well; the pajority are bleck.


Souroe: U.S. Bureau of the Cansus, Statidtiend fbatract of the United
 Stintes, 1986, Tabl : 64; Current Population Reports, Series P-20 No. 388 . Household and Fanily Characteristics: March 1983" aridar reports, and unpubliahad data from the current population Surviey, U.S. Bureau of the Census.
6. Eflucation of farenta. The level of educetional etteinaent among parenta of achool-aged children hee beea rising, with especielly drametic incrasta among blacks. The educationel level of bleok parenta atill lege behind thet of whites, however. Meerly oo percent of yispanic etudenta have parenta who heve not completed hish achool.


| Cnild': School$\qquad$ | Total |  |  | yeltea |  |  | BLacks |  |  | Hispantea |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1970 | 1979 | 1885 | 1970 | 1979 | 1985 | 2970 | 1979 | 1985 | 1985 |
| Elesentory <br> Hich Sohool | $\begin{aligned} & 628 \\ & 59 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 715 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 788 \\ & 76 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 668 \\ & 83 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 758 \\ & 74 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 808 \\ & 78 \end{aligned}$ | $363$ | $518$ | $\begin{aligned} & 673 \\ & 63 \end{aligned}$ | 418 |

Souroe: 1985 cate from: Bureey of the Cenaus, ©Maritel status end Living Arrangements: Karch 1985," Cureent Ropuation Beoorta, Seriez p-20, 20. 410, Toble 9; 1979 data from U.S. Bureal of the Censuz, "Sociol and Economic Charsoteristice of Students, " Chicat Population_Heporis, Series P-20, No. 360 fable 11 ; 1970 dete rrow U.S. Bureeu of the
 Series P-20, No. 222, Table 12. Data on Hiapanio students not avillable for earlier yeara.
7. Chideren With Kothers in the Labor Force. The proportion of children with wothers in the labor force has incrased dranaticelly over the lapt decide ind holf. However, only slight increase occurred between 1985 end 1986. Ai of 1986 , half of ill children under' 6 ondy and aore than 60 percent of those aged $6-17$-- had mothera who were working, or looking for work outside the home.

|  |  | Percentine of children Yith Mothera In Labor Force |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1978 | 1975 | 1980 | 1982 | 2985 | 1986 |
| Ald children under 18 | 398 | 448 | 538 | 558 | 588 | 588 |
| Children 0.5 | 29 | 36 | 43 | 46 | 49 | 50 |
| Children 6-17 | 43 | 4 | 57 | 59 | 62 | 62 |

Source: Bureet of Tabor statiatics, devz, Helf of Kothers With children
Under 3 Wow in Labor Force, it Ausuat 20 , 1986 , fable 4; yeva,
FLabor foroe lotivity of Kothers or founs chiddren Continues
At kecord Pace, "Septenber 19, 1985, Teble 3i HeYs, "Holf of
Hetion: Children Have Morking kothers, Hoveaber 15, 1,31 ,
Table ligny, "Karitel end Fanily charecteristics of Norkers, Merch 1980," Deoenber 9, 1980 , Table 6 ; end unpublished det: from the Bureau or Lebor statiatica, U.S. Deportment of Labor.
 thisr mothere, 27 percent had eothere uho vorked fuil tixa, fuld yeer Jurint 1984 ; 37 percent hed Eothert worxing lese then full time, full yeeri and 33 percint hed mothere who were not in the lebor force for thw entire yter. Childien in two-firent ifalliee were less likely to heve e eother
 ANAltaonell. y youngiar childran wera leas likely to have eothara who worked full time, full year
 yaer in 1984. Hispandc children wara the most likely to heve aother who was not in the labor force. Black children vare the psat 1 ikaly to have a other who worked full tiee throughont the titie, full yaier.


Total, ill childran under 18
ilving in failies with
eother prasent


Enlly Structure
Ivo perents
Mother only
Divorced
Never married
Seperated
Hoved

278
378
338
re_of child

| $0-5$ years old | 208 | 388 | 398 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $6-11$ yers old | 27 | 37 | 33 |
| $12-17$ yeers old | 34 | 35 | 28 |

Racelathotatity

| Hhite, Mon-Hiepenic | 263 | 308 | 318 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Elack, Non=Hiepenic | 33 | 37 | 32 |
| Hiepenio | 21 | 27 | 49 |


Note: Rowe do not add up to 1008 beouse the proportions of wothere who were uneployad for the entira yaer are not diaplayad in the table.
Sourca: Anslyals by Child Tranda, Ino. of publio usa data from the Canaus Ruranua Maroh 1985 Current Populati on Survay. fibulations produoad by tarnnionl Suppert stafr, oifioe of the
 Servious.
9. Iennif in Fubl cine and Part Time Eaploynent of Mothers. It it otill the cese thet mejority or mothere with ohlidron undor it ore nos working rusi time et tiven point in time. Hovever, the proportion who ere ourrently vorkine full time nut srown frot 29 percent in 1975 to 11 peroent in 1986. Anent those with echool-eted chlldren, the proportion worklne full time inoreseed from 34 to 48 percent, while for thoes with ehildren eged 3-5, it trow frome 27 to 39 percent. The greateat growth in rull-tine employaent, houever, hes been anons mothers whose younteat child 10 under 3. for these women, the proporition workint full



|  | Yorkine Eull Ties |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nil mothere with chlldren under is | 1975 | 1988 | 1985 | 1986 |
|  | 298 | 378 | 108 | (18 |
| Argor Youncettchild 198309 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Undur }{ }^{3} \\ & 3: 5 \\ & 6: 17 \end{aligned}$ | 27 34 | 35 | 37 | 39 18 |
|  | Yorklar Part Iins |  |  |  |
| 111 mothere with chlldren under 18 | 1975 | 1980 | 1085 | 1986 |
|  | 148 | 158 | 168 | 168 |
| Act of Youncest child |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Undor } 3 \\ & 3-5 \\ & 6: 17 \end{aligned}$ | 98 | 138 | 158 |  |
|  | 12 | 15 | 16 | 15 |
|  | 16 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
|  | Yet In labar Eorce |  |  |  |
| all mothere with | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 | 1986 |
|  | 538 | 438 | 388 | 378 |
| Lese of Younceat child |  |  |  |  |
| Under ${ }^{3}$ | ${ }_{65}^{668}$ | 488 | 508 | 498 |
| 6-17 | 45 | 36 | 30 | 30 |

eere of Nothere here ineludee snly motbere whost youncet child ie under if

Souroe: Culouleted from Zureev of Lebor Statietioa Hong Half of Nothere with Chlidren Under 3 IVow in Leber Foreer, Ausuet 20 , 1986, end mebor Farce dotivity of Mothera of Ioung Childrea Coatiaues et teoord face", $J$, septembr 19, 1985 ; end unpubliehed dete fron the ureeu of Lebor $V$ statietioe.
10. Irende In Eaployent of Married Motheri. he of 1986, helf of ell abrínc nothere with inrent ohidaran 1 yeer old or under vere vorking, or looking for peroant. By the tiae their youngeet ohild ie fyeere of age, naeriy 60 percent of todey'e aerried mothere are in the vork force.

yo Yere In the haper Eoce:

| Ae of Youncent chadd | 1970 | 1975 | 2980 | 1885 | 1986 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 year or under | 218 | 318 | 398 | 498 | 508 |
| 2 years | 31 | 37 | 18 | 54 | 54 |
| 3 yeere | 35 | 11 | 52 | 55 | 56 |
| 4 yeere | 39 | 11 | 51 | 60 | 57 |
| 5 yeere | 37 | 41 | 52 | 62 | 64 |
| Under 6 yeera, totel | 308 | 378 | 458 | 548 | 548 |
| 6-17 yeere, totel | 198 | 528 | 628 | 685 | 698 |
| Totel with ehlldren unde: 18 | 408 | 458 | 548 | 618 | 618 |

Mote: Dela are for Maroh or eech yeer. Kerried mothere ere currantly zerried woath with childran under 18 and huebende pracent in the housthold Children ere derinad as "oun" childran or the houstholdere, which inclucee ekepe and ecopted ohildran, but exolucee nitoee, naphave, erendohildren, or foeter chiddren. the lebor foroe cosprlaee all percone cleselfied ee employed or unemployed. thle teble ie perant beesd, whereat table 7 fe chlld beaed end includep children fromelngle-perant householde.

Sourot: Haythe, Hoverd. "Riea in othere' lebor foroa ectivity includee those yith infente. " Yonthiy Labor Beviex Vol. 109, Mo. 2, pp. 43-45, February 1986, teble 3, D. 55 , end unpublished dete from the bureau of Lebor Steftetion.
 with mohool-aged childran are laen likely to be woriting outalde tha home than ingleperint mothara. mons those with childpan oged $2-5$, difference era in the sede diraction, but waliar. Anone mothere of infente, the differerce ia ravarted: mariad mothara of lafanta ere wore likely to be working than elnde nothare of infanta. Tha labor foroe perticipetion ratae of bleok merriad
Wother era conelderatly hicher then those of white arriad mothera, apecially at the practhool egea. thong ifngieparent mothera. on the othar hend, black woen er fenarally leen lixily then white woen to be in the labor force.

## Eeronteqe of Mother of Chlldren Under it <br> Sireled Kotherf with Humbendy Presen*

| Ate of Yavarett child | Totil | Yutit | Aleak |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 year or under | 508 | 498 | 678 |
| 2 yaara | 54 | 53 | 71 |
| 3 yaara | 56 | 53 | 77 |
| a yaara | 57 | 55 | 70 |
| 5 yaara | 64 | 62 | 78 |
| Unider 6 yaara, total | 548 | 523 | 718 |
| 6-17 yeere, totel | 698 | 678 | 788 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Totel with ohlldran } \\ & \text { under } 18 \end{aligned}$ | 618 | 608 | 758 |

## 

| Ace of Youncene_child | Iotal | Yulte | Black |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 year or under | 458 | 468 | 438 |
| 2 yesra | 62 | 63 | 62 |
| 3 !aura | 64 | 67 | 59 |
| - yosra | 62 | 64 | 58 |
| 5 yesat | 68 | 72 | 60 |
| Under 6 yeare, total | 588 | 618 | 148 |
| 6-17 yaera, total | 778 | 808 | 698 |
| Totel with children undar 18 | 103 | 738 | 633 |

[^2]
 yeara. Separated and divorced mothera ire also gere jikely to be unemployed. Nevermarrited
mothera, on the other hend, are lest likely then maritedmothers io be in the labor force. and yet, when in, they are eapecialiy ept to be unecployed. Regardiest of marital siatus, Eothers with olcef enlidran ere more likely to be in the work fcrce ind leas likely to be unceployed inan inose with chlldren under ele.

|  | Lecenentase_or_Hoshecs Inloleor Eares |  |  |  |  |  | (Percentage of those in labor foree who are Uneaployed? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mother ${ }^{3}$ Maritsi Status and Age of Chlldren | 1070 | 1975 | 1888 | 2084 | 1985 | 1984 | 1970 | 2815 | 1988 | 1984 | 1085 | 1086 |
| ```dl mothera Chlldren 0.5 Cnlldren 6-17 only``` | $\begin{aligned} & 328 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 391 \\ & 55 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47 \\ & 64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 528 \\ & 88 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 548 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 548 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.28 \\ & 5.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 14.43 \\ 7.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10.08 \\ 5.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12.28 \\ 6.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} i 0.98 \\ 7.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11.03 \\ 6.3 \end{gathered}$ |
| Married, spouse present Chlldren 0-5 <br> Children 6-17 only | 30 49 | 37 52 | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 62 \end{aligned}$ | 52 65 | 63 | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | 7.8 | 13.9 7.2 | 8.3 4.4 | 0.9 5.0 | 8.0 5.5 | 7.6 4.8 |
| separated <br> Ch1ldren 0.5 <br> Chlldren 6-17 only | 45 | 49 59 | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & 66 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \star \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53 \\ & 71 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 57 \\ & 71 \end{aligned}$ | 13.3 5.9 | 23.7 12.9 | 12.3 10.6 | 24.9 13.1 | 22.9 14.8 | 16.5 11.7 |
| Divoreed Children 0-E children 6-17 only | 63 82 | 66 80 | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & 82 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & 88 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & 83 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & 85 \end{aligned}$ | 5.2 6.5 | 10.4 9.1 | 13.6 6.7 | 14.3 9.7 | 12.1 9.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 12.7 \\ 8.2 \end{array}$ |
| Mever marriad <br> Children 0.5 <br> Children 6-17 onis | n8 | 36 61 | 488 | 448 | 47 64 | 88 | n¢ | 25.8 18.9 | 29.2 15.6 | 32.7 21.3 | 28.5 15.4 | 34.6 17.7 |

Mote: Data are for March of each year. The labor force comprises all persone clessified as enployed or unesployed. Employed persons art inose di vork in job or business, or who have job or busintis from which they ire iemforarily absent due to auch factore at lilnesa, vacation, and labor disputes. Une-aloyed persons are those vho do not have a job or businass but have made apecific efferts io find a jod in the last four weeks, or are valiting to return to in old job or report to new one.

Source: Buresu of Labor Seaissilem. Yevs. Half of Moiners Vith Cnildien Under 3 Xow in Labor Force, august 20, 1986. Tables 1 and 3 : Have, Wiabor Force ictivity of lwithers or Young Children conidfues
 Beporta, Hua. 13, 130, and 134, : Euilcinn 2163 . ind unpubilished dita frea the fureru or labor Statiailes, U.s. Departient of labor.
13. Child Cara Arrangempres. Children undor ilve yeara of ege with employed mothara are more likaly to be cared for outaide thair own home in recent years, particuleriy if thoix mothere work tuli-time. Kuch of the increace in out-oihome care hea been due to increasel in the use of group cere centere or of.cace provided in the hom of non-relativea.

## Type of Child Care Arrangeants gor Toungont Children Onder Five who Have Employed Morters Onder Five who Have Enployed Mothors

Mother Employed Full-tine

| Care in Child's Home | 56.64 | 47.24 | 28.61 | 27.11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| By Rather | 14.7 | 10.3 | 10.6 | 10.9 |
| Otier | 11.9 | 36.9 | 18.0 | 16.2 |
| Care in Another Howe | 27.1 | 37.3 | 47.4 | 46.2 |
| Rolative | 14.5 | 17.6 | 20.8 | 20.8 |
| Non-redative | 12.7 | 19.6 | 26.6 | 25.4 |
| Group Care Conter | 4.5 | 8.2 | 14.6 | 19.8 |
| Other Arrangements | 12.8 | 7.4 | 9.3 | 6.9 |

Mother Employed Part-time

Care in Child'a Howe
By iather 8y father
$N$
$\mathbf{N \lambda}$
Care in Another home Rolative Robative

Group Care Center
Other Arrangementa
1958* $1965 \quad \underline{1977}$

1965*
1977
1982

| 47.04 | 43.71 | 41.21 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22.9 | 23.1 | 21.3 |
| 24.2 | 19.6 | 19.9 |
| 17.0 | 28.8 | 35.7 |
| 9.1 | 13.2 | 16.4 |
| 7.9 | 15.6 | 19.3 |
| 2.7 | 9.1 | 7.9 |
| 33.2 | 19.4 | 15.2 |

- Data 1021958 and 1965 are for children under 6 years old.

Noter Data are based on survey questions that asked only about care arrangewents for youngest child in the lamily, if that child wap under ilve yoars of age. yercentages have bean recadculared after removal or cases in "Don't khow" category.

Sourcer Calculated frum U.S. Buroau of the Cansus, Chlld Cara Arrangements of working Mothers: June 1982," and "Trends in Child Care Arrangements of Working Mothers, Current population Reports, Serlos p23, Nos. 129 and 147. Tabla $\lambda$ in each report.

## $00 \quad 27$

14. Adopted Chldiren. In 1981, nearly 1.3 widilion children - 2 percent of the totad child population under 18 - were living with adopted parents (i.e., with bioiogienlly unrelated adults who had legady adopted them). Families that adopted unrelated children were disproportionately of white, non-winority ethnic background. , =arly three-quarters of these children were adopted at birth or during the first year of their jives. More than 85 percent were diving with two doptive parents; but il percent were jiving with only one adoptive parent (usualls as a result of the disruption of the adoptive parents; but il percent were living with only one adoptive parent (usuail) as a

| Mumber of Children (000's) Percent of all children | Number and Characteristics of Adopted and Mon-ldogteg_Children Under 12. 1981 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Adopted $1,25$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{d \text { chileren }}{58} \\ & 2 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Non-Acontesds } \\ 61,885 \\ 98 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{50 * 21}{63,142}$ |
|  | Adonte | acnildrad | Mon=Acopteds |  |
| Child and Eamily Chargaterist.ics | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { (000's) } \end{aligned}$ | Percent <br> Distribution | Percent <br> Distribution |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,258 | $100 \%$ | 1008 |  |
| Are of child |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 | 213 | 17\% | 32\% |  |
| 6-11 | 401 | 32 | 32 |  |
| 12-17 | 674 | 51 | 36 |  |
| Sex of child |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 668 | 53\% | $51 \%$ |  |
| Fensle | 590 | 47 | 49 |  |
| Maelethoictiy or Ermily |  |  |  |  |
| White | 1,067 | 85\% | 75\% |  |
| Black | 121 | 10 | 15 |  |
| Hiapanic | 37 | 3 | 9 |  |
| Asian, Other | 26 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Yhen Child toopted |  |  |  |  |
| In lst Year of Life | 926 | 748 | - |  |
| Later | 332 | 26 | - |  |
| Child Hoy lives Uith: |  |  |  |  |
| Mother ind Father | 1,080 | 86\% | 698 |  |
| Hother only | 113 | 9 | 19 |  |
| Father only | 28 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Mother and Steprather | 21 | 2 | 7 |  |
| Father and Stepmother | 16 | 1 | 2 |  |

14. Adagted Children (continued).

Characteristics of Adopted and HoD-Adonted Childrep_linder 18, 1981

White Children Born Out-of-Wedlock,


White children born out-of-wedlock sind raised by their biological mothers are shown as a comparison group because adopted children are predominantly white and most were born out-of-wedlock. These children are also included under the whll Mon-Adopteds" group. The number of black children born out-of-wediock and ralsed by their mothers is relatively larse and the socioeconomic circumstances or these children are extremely poor. inus, inclusion of these chider in the second comparison group would have exagerated the comparative advantiges of the adopted group.

Note: As defined here, madopted children" does not include children who live with biological parent and a stepparent, even if the child has been legally adopted by the stepparent.
Source: Anslysis by Child Jrends. Inc. of public use data from the Child Heslth Supplement to the 1981 National Hegit f Interyieu Survey. Data collected by the Nstionsl Center for Heslth Statistics, Division of Heslth Interviei Statistics.
15. Eanter/subatitipit Gira. Over a quarter of a milition children were in roater/aubstitute care during igen. Turnower In suoh onit ia high: mearly equal nubera, bbut 180,000 , entered and left care during the year; and the hedian length of tine in coater/aubatitute cart vas 17 monthe. Foster oare children are dispropertionately bleok; they are datributed throughout the range or ages, but tend eapeoisily to de in their adoleacent years. The numbera or children wildren adoption, in non-finalized adoptive homes, and oopleting adoption during the year are roughly equal. adopted doption

Hational Eatieates of Children in State foster/Subatitute Care and adoption syatea, 1984


## IHCORE

1. Hedimafamily Income. Then corrected for infletion, the medien fandly incoee of children ilving in ranilies rose from 1964 into the eeriy 1970s, reechins high of
 $\$ 30,501$ in 1973 . The aedien wes reletively steble through the reat of the 1970 s , but
begen to feli between 1979 end 1980 , concurrent with recessions in the netionel economy. The recent decline turned eround in 1984 , elthoush in resi terms the medien family income of children in 1985 remained below the levels of 1980 , 1975 end 1970 . childranilving in husbend-wife fanilies enjoy roughly three tiaes the family income of children in mother-only fomilies.

Kedion Family Income
of children inivine in Families

Csurent dollers

| All types of feallies | 86,711 | \$10,227 | \$13,915 | \$19.732 | \$20,939 | \$22,041 | \$23,306 | \$25,334 | \$28,720 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Husbenc-ulfe famllies | Na | 11,041 | 15,534 | 22,258 | 23,846 | 25,636 | 27,190 | 29,831 | 31,451 |
| Mother-only families | MA | 4,145 | 5,501 | 7,734 | 7,938 | 8,653 | 8,563 | 9,162 | 9,472 |
| Constent (1985) dollers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All types of fenilies | \$23,275 | \$28,333 | \$27,813 | \$29,244 | \$27,336 | \$26,071 | \$25,165 | \$26,238 | 326,720 |
| Husbend-ulfe families | NA | 30,588 | 31,049 | 32,988 | 31,131 | 30,323 | 29,359 | 30,895 | 31,451 |
| Mother-only renilies | NA | 11,483 | 10,995 | 11,462 | 10,363 | 10,235 | 9,246 | 9,489 | 9,472 |

Note: Dete ere for releted ohlldren under 18 (1.e., biologicel, etepe, end edopted ohlldren or the houstholder, end eny other children releted to the houteholder by blood, nerriege, or adoption). The medient ert bested on ohildren. Thetie, etoh ohlid ie ohereoterized the income of its ranily, end the medien for ell children ie opaputed. Thus, of ell children iiving in fasilise in 1981, helr were in ranilie with incomee freater shen $\$ 22,041$, end helf were in fanilies with lower incomes. Nothermony fanliet ert hose hevins femele householder with no husbind preeent. Constent dollera ore celouleted on the beefs of the Consumer Prioe Index, U.S. Burieu of the Cenetis, unpublished dete for 1985.

Source: Celouleted froe U.S. Dureeu of the Censue, Current Population Reportit, Seriee P60, Mo. 47,
 Mo. 146; Teble 27 ; Mo. 151, Teble 19; P23, No. 114 , Teble 22 ; end unpublished date from the U.S. Bureeu of the Cencus.



 dealines wore opecialiy lorge for speniab origin children in huabondowifo fanilioe, ond for oleck declines mor oupecialiy larce fo


Totes lelated ohildren mader 18 inelude biologiosl, etepe, and adopted childran of the houtaholder, and oty othar childran rolated to the householder by biood, marriact, or odoption. The indiens ore beend on children (see notee, provious toblef. The outegory uspanioh oricin inaludes persone of Hericen, Purto Rionn, Cubrn, Central or South Aperioon, and othor Spenish oricia. orisin io dotermined by gaking What is (thie person's) oricin or deacent? Pereone of Speaith orisin may be of ony rioe. Kothermoniy finilies ore those heving feele howetholder with mo husband prosent. conotent dollare oelometed on the beis of the conothor Prioe Inder, U.S. Bureou of the canous, unpublished dete for igos.

Souroe: U.S. Bureav of the Cenops, furernt Ropulation Reporth, Soriae P23, Mo. 114, Toble 42, and unpibliohod data from the U.3. Buroeu of the centus.
3. Chilamen in loverty. Children ere more likely than sny other age sroup to be ilving in poverty - more then one in 5 children lives in poverty. The proportion of children who ere poor declined sharply in the 1960 s ; it resched low of 14.1 percent in 1969. Rises in the riste of poverty in the 1970 s and 1 nto the 1980 oorresponded with perioda of recession in the nationsi econony. Since 1983 the rates heve sesin declined sifthely, except for Hispenic children. Black end Hispanic chlldren ere eapecisily likely to be livins in poverty. The poverty rates of children in
 proport
1980 s.

Dercentate of Persons_Beloy Poveriy
$1959 \quad 1970 \quad 1975 \quad 1980 \quad 1981 \quad 1982 \quad 1983 \quad 1984 \quad 1985$

Ald persona

| Relsted children under 18 all childran | 26.98 | 14.98 | 16.88 | 17.98 | 19.58 | 21.38 | 21.88 | 21.08 | 20.18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White | 20.6 | 10.5 | 12.5 | 13.4 | 14.7 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 16.1 | 15.6 |
| Black | 65.3 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 42.1 | 44.9 | 47.3 | 46.2 | 46.2 | 43.1 |
| Spanian origin | HA | Nl | 33.1 | 33.0 | 35.4 | 38.9 | 37.7 | 38.7 | 39.6 |
| Persona 65 or older | 35.2 | 24.6 | 15.3 | 15.7 | 15.3 | 14.6 | 13.8 | 12.4 | 12.6 |
| Persona of ell ages | 22.4 | 12.6 | 12.3 | 13.0 | 14.0 | 15.0 | 15.2 | 14.4 | 14.0 |
|  | 1959 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 |



Note: Related children under 16 include biologicsi, stepe, and adopted children of the householder and any other children related to the householder by blood, marrisge, or sdoption. The poverty level is besed on money income and does not reflect recelpt of non-csin benefits such as food stanpa. Different levels are set according to the size and
 In 1975 it was $\$ 5,456$.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Gurent Popnlation Reports, Series P60, Mo. 154, Table 16.

## Af Reoportion of childran heatying ild to Falllen Yith Dependent childeen Arter riaing in the 1960 and esrly $1970 \mathrm{~s}_{\text {, the proportion of U.S. children }}$

 AFDC.

Mote: Data ars for Deceuber of each year.
Source: U.S. Burgay of the Census, Stitiatical Abstrict of the United
 statig, 19\%6, Jables 25 and 643; Gurent Populatien_leporis, P25, No. 65, Table 1, and unpublished data from the orfice of Fanily assistance, DHHS. 5. AEDf Elifibluity, Priangy eligibility for recelving AFDC ia deterained by a chijdren alisible becsuse of incoue, out-ot-vediock birth has replaced divorc and separation as the leading basia for eligibility. Jogethar, these causea are the basia for eligibility for 85 percent of AFDC fers.ies.
$\frac{\text { AFDC Eligiblitty by Bials }}{\text { (opercent distribution) }}$


Note: Elicibility for 1969-1982 ia based on reason for father abaence. AFDC chiloren with absent sothers (about is) are included in eother oftegory. Elisibility for 1983-1984 ia based on resson for atsence

Sourae:
Sooial seourity adminiatration, 1970 Rictplent charecteristics and Einding Ro Demorraphlo and Prograt Statintigi, Jable 18 ; eromen chersatierintial, Jable 13 ; U.S. Burean of the census,
 AFp ophlify Control suryey, 1983, and unpublished data trom
the office of Failly Assistince.
6. Man-anab lemafits. While ohlldhood poverty peralata, the charactar of povarty 10 arfected by the avallability of number of non-cesh beneflta.
One-quartar or heuncholde with ehlldren o-18 recelve one or wore of the rour aeln mans-testad nen-cash benefita -. fret or raduced-price achool lunches, food atapas Hedicald, and aubidalzed rantal houalng. fhe proportiona or houmehold racolving each benarit, se wall as recelving any of thase benefita, have changed litele in the lant few yaara.

|  | Percentice of Houriholde yith cmidran- $0-18$ lecelying-Bedefit |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Penecit Prourm | 1979 | 1980 | 1984 | 1982 | 1984 |
| Free or reduced-price achool lunchea* | 18.75 | 20.98 | 20.48 | 21.58 | 21.43 |
| Food 3tampa | 11.8 | 13.1 | 13.5 | 14.0 | 13.3 |
| Medicaidee | 12.1 12.5 | 12.7 | 13.6 | 12.7 | 12.7 |
| subaldized houaingeet | 12.5 | 12.9 | 13.8 | 14.1 | 14.4 |
| One or more of the soove benefle | 23.4 | 25.0 | 25.0 | ua | nh |

- Based on householde with eh1ldren 5 to 18 yeara old.
- Bated on ohildren oovarad by tha progran rather then children ectually raceivine a Madicaid-pald ajrvice durine tha year.
aes based on houebholde in rantar-oceupiad houalne.

. Ghild support, sarely one third of vemen vith chitdran under 21 whose tathers ars
 reosived ere sasil mans ili groupa and have declined tros 1978 to 1983 (hiter of aupport for inflationi for eli groups exopt oollege graduatas. goth the likelinodivorced, if and the eaount of support raceived


|  | Nusber in U.S. population (ln_milions) |  | Poresent avirded Child Support Peratish |  | Percent Who Racelved any chlle supoort ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | Ken Annual Support Recelyede* |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1978 | 1983 | 1978 | 2083 | 1078 | 1983 | 1078 | 2018 |
|  | 7.1 m | 8.7 m. | 598 | 588 | 358 | 358 | 82,747 | 82,341 |
| Xumber of oun childrea |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| One child | 3.6 . | 5.m. | 558 | 568 | 308 | 345 | \$1,967 | \$1.777 |
| Two chis ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2.1 | 2.8 | 65 | 62 | 42 | 39 | 3.047 | 2,782 |
| Thres ehildran | 0.8 | 1.0 | 62 | 57 | 36 | 33 26 | 3,861 4.203 | 2.963 3.705 |
| Your childran or mors | 0.5 | - 4 | 57 | 16 | 34 | 26 | 4,203 | 3.705 |
| Current Merital stetue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Divoroed | 2.4 n. | 3.2 m | 808 | 763 | 523 | 505 | 42,979 | 2,491 |
| temerried | 2.0 | 2.1 | 77 | 76 | 39 | 41 | 2,446 2,911 | 2,164 2,682 |
| Soperated | 1.3 | 1.5 | 45 | 418 | 27 | 21 | 2,911 1,490 | 2,682 |
| Wever merriad | 1.4 | 1.9 | 11 | 18 | 6 | 9 | 1,490 | 1,132 |
| tace end Spenith origin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 5.1 m. | 6.2 m. | 718 | 678 | 438 | 428 | 82,842 | 82,475 |
| Brack | 1.9 | 2.3 | 29 | 34 | 14 | 16 | 1,976 | 1,465 |
| Spanioh oritin | 0.5 | . 8 | 44 | 41 | 24 | 20 | 2,013 | 1,839 |
| Educetioned attoinuont |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 463 | 128 | 233 | 215 | 12,295 | 81.535 |
| Lest then 12 yonra Hi ch tohood greduete | 2.4 3.2 | 4.2 m | 64 | 61 | 38 | 37 | 2,541 3,190 | 2.159 2.332 1.170 |
| Mith sohood greduete | 1.1 | 1.5 | 69 | 64 | 43 | 41 | 3,190 | 2,332 |
| college graduate | 0.5 | . 7 | 71 | 71 | 52 | 51 | 3,931 | 4,118 |

 not just those yith ohlid support averdt.

Why those who reolyad eny oupport. Fizuree ers in oonstant 1983 dollar loulated on the beais of the Consumer Pries Index, U.S. Buratu of the Centue ontreth of the United Steter 1985 , TA0is 789.
rotes Own chitoren izeludee both bletogical and adopted chitoren.
 Series P23, No. 112, Teble s; P23, Mo. 141, Tible 1.
 of wivee heve become inersesingly importent se a cource or raily incomes epeoieliy for blecke. pullice sesh trenaters ere minor source of incene for twoegerant faliliee of all ethate groupe. daons femeleheedec falliee, the eerninge of the householder heve ineressed in importence, while publie cesh trenefere heve decreased, eepeoielly for spaniah origia facilies. tevertheleee, publie cesh trenefere etili meke up eubetential portion of the lacome of remelentesed rimilice.

| Fandlise with chil oren | Tro-PerentEanlilen |  | Fanele-Heeded fimulen $\qquad$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 196 | 1988 | 1967 | 1984 |
| 41 |  |  |  |  |
| Lprninge of Male Heuseholder | 79.38 | 69.38 |  |  |
| Earninge of Feaele Houeehol der | 11.1 | 19.0 | 4.1 | 56.6 |
| Publie cesh Trenefers | 2.1 | 2.9 | 21.4 | 18.0 |
| Other Inceat Sourcee | 7.1 | 8.8 | 34.5 | 25.5 |
| ymitat |  |  |  |  |
| Earniage of mal 4 Houcohol cer | 80.28 | 70.48 | - |  |
| Eerninge of Ferale Householder | 10.6 | 18.0 | 45.8 | 57.3 |
| Publio Cenh Treaetere | 2.0 | 2.7 | 10.6 | 15.1 |
| Other Incone Sourcee | 7.2 | 8.9 | 35.8 | 27.6 |
| Alnat |  |  |  |  |
| Eerainge of Male Meuseholder | 66.68 | E8.58 | - |  |
| terninge of Freale Householder | 19.1 | 31.1 | 38.9 | 55.6 |
| Publ 10 Cesh Tranafers | 3.9 | 5.0 | 30.0 | 24.9 |
| Other Inseme sourcee | 10.1 | 7.4 | 31.2 | 19.5 |
| Ampial pristo |  |  |  |  |
| Ceralnge of Male Meueenolder | 71.78 | 66.38 | - | - |
| Cerainic of Feacle Howeeholder | 14.4 | 19.4 | 31.6 | 43.8 |
| Publife Cath Trenefere | 4.8 | 4.5 | 42.2 | 29.1 |
| Other Ineeme Eeurse | 9.1 | 9.8 | 26.2 | 27.1 |

 Feringte Disounelon peper tio. soi-ib (Kadison, Miseonein: Inetitute for tesefon ew poverty, Univerility of Wieconein, 1986 ), teble 11 end uapubilithed tamatetione iy Sheison Dansifer.
 inere of the income of fanilite with children thet is received by the lowest incole puintile or ramilies wes only atrcent in igon, compared with iz percent for the highest income quintile. Between 1967 end ig8 the efgregete income thare or the jowest quintile of families hes fellen iteedily. This hes been the cest ror eld femiliea ond ror bleck. white, end Spenish origin fenilies.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1967 | 1073 | 1979 | 1984 |
| Families with children |  |  |  |  |
| H14 races ordsios |  |  |  |  |
| howest firth | 6.68 | 5.88 | 5.28 | 4.28 |
| 2nd | 13.4 | 12.8 | 12.3 | 11.2 |
| 3 rd | 18.0 | 18.0 | 18.5 | 17.5 |
| 4th | 23.5 | 24.1 | 24.6 | 25.0 |
| Highest firth | 38.5 | 38.3 | 39.4 | 42.1 |
| Yotes 7.39 circh 59.98 |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Pirth | 7.35 | 6.58 | 5.98 | 4.71 |
| 2nd | 13.7 | 13.3 | 12.9 | 12.0 |
| 3 rd | 18.0 | 18.0 | 18.5 | 18.0 |
| Hth | 23.1 | 23.1 | 24.5 | 24.3 |
| Highest fifth | 37.8 | 38.5 | 38.2 | 41.0 |
| Dhask 5.31 , 48.58 |  |  |  |  |
| Lewest fifth | 5.38 | 4.88 | 4.18 | 3.58 |
| 2nd | 10.9 | 10.4 | 9.4 | 8.2 |
| 3 rd | 17.0 | 16.6 | 15.8 | 15.1 |
| uth | 24.4 | 25.1 | 26.0 | 25.2 |
| Highest rifth | 42.4 | 43.2 | 44.6 | 48.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | Na | 6.08 | 4.85 | 9.18 |
| 2nd | Na | 11.8 | 10.8 | 9.9 |
| 3 rd | NA | 17.3 | 17.1 | 17.0 |
| 4th | NA | 24.4 | 24.8 | 25.1 |
| Highest rifth | NA | 10.5 | 45.5 | 43.6 |

Mote: Ouintiles ere defined septerely for each of the four types of fanilies.
Source: Danzieer, Sheldon, Peter Cottichelk, How have fasilies with children been faring7" Diacusaion Peper No. 801-86 (Medison, Wisconsin: Institute for faringerch on Poverty, Univeraity of Wisconain, ig86), Teble 5 .

## EDUCATIOA

 the ceclimein the chool-eged population. The totel numbr enroiled ie ezpeoted to riet eherply, increealn from 5.1 milition in the feli of iges to if. 9 milifion in the foli of 1993 , due to ineruenee in the numbcr of birthe in recent yeert. Elesentery and eteondery anrollent trende ert expected to contreet eherply, however, with enfolisente in the lower sredee inereeing while thoee in the upper sradee continue to 5 ell. The propertion enrolled in privete echoole hee increated ilishtiy alnce 1980. The proportion of prechool children enrolled in nuratery or other chool roee herply durins the 1970 e, but hee leviled off in the 1980 .

Enrollenent in sthapls

|  | $\underline{10}$ |  | 188 | 19.1 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1990 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enroliment in gradea $\mathrm{K}-12$ in reguler public t privete |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gredee R-8 | 36.629 | 34.187 | 31.868 | 31.345 | 41.252 | 45,043 | 5. 5.005 | 5,050 | \$3,669 |
| Credee 9-12 | 14.643 | 34.181 | 31.668 | 31.345 | 31.356 | 31.288 | 31,229 | 31.220 | 33.525 |
| Enrolleent in privete echools <br> e - peroens of totel enroliment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gredee 9-12 | 11.18 | 18 | 12.68 | 13.18 | 13.48 | 13.88 | 13.88 | 13.88 | 13.75 |
| percent enroiled in echool iy ege | 9.0 | 8.3 | 9.1 | 9.8 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.1 | 9.9 |
| Asee 3-4, | 20.58 | 31.58 | 36.78 | 36.08 | 36.48 | 37.58 |  |  |  |
| Asee 14-17 | 94.1 | 93.6 | 93.4 | 94.1 | 98.4 | 95.0 | 94.7 | 94.98 |  |

 before 1980 ere not varrantad. Privete ehool enrollaent for 1975 , 1981. end 1982 ert etimetec. 121 dete for t9at ore pralininery end for 1985, entimeted.

[^3]2. Erearimary Encollmant. The number of 3 - 6 year olds enrcllec in nursery anc xindergarten proframs
 enrollaent 18 expected to clieb tc more than 7.1 allion oy 1993 . The erowtr, ir. the nueber of 3-year -oics enrodlec has been particulary drawhe, with the nuzber enrojlec in pubjic sehools near lotal enrollea increasing by $14 t$ percant. Detweer 1970 and 1986.




Note: Nubbers include prekiniertarten and kindergarten enroliaents in regular pubize schools and enroliments in ineppendently operated public and private nursery senools and kintergartens.

Source: U.S. Departaent or Education, Center for Education Statistics, Ine Condition of Educilign 1085 Ediflon, 1986. Table 1.3. For cetails of projectic. tethocolosy, see Erolectiens of Education

3. Hich school Graduntion Batio. The proportion of students gredueting ranse for the past 25 tiae rose until 1970. It hes been in the $70-75$ percent renge for the past 25 years. The ratio hes been conaistentiy slightiy
hither for girla. hither for girla.

|  | Batio of Hich School rcaduates der 100 Persons 18 Xefrs_of hes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1958 | 1055 | 1960 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 2980 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 |
| Totel | 55.5 | 63.1 | 72.2 | 70.8 | 76.9 | 74.2 | 72.0 | 73.3 | 74.4 | 74.0 |
| Male | 52.4 | 60.3 | 69.7 | 69.6 | 75.8 | 72.4 | 69.6 | 72.0 | na | nis |
| Fensle | 58.6 | 65.8 | 74.7 | 12.1 | 78.2 | 75.9 | 74.4 | 74.7 | na | ns |

Note: The rradustion ratio equals the number or hish achsol gradustes The dy the rasicent U.S. population aged i8 for that yeser The dreduation includes Araed Forces oversess in 1950-1955 titimately conplete hish sehool. For exeme proportion who wild proportion of persons aged $25-34$ who reported that they ned conpleted rour yeara of high school or more wes 85.68 (U.S. Bureau or the Census, Gurrant Poopletion Reoorts, Series P20, No. 374 , proportion however, the sradustion ratio does approximate th chenges over tige and group differenoes. on time, and reflects

Source: Calculated from Population Eatimates, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Series P-25, Mo. 311 and 519,721 , end 985 , Teble 2 ; Digest of Educstion Statistios 1985-86, Tubie 2; Stitisticin Abstract of the
 Statiatics; U.S. Departent of Ecucation.
$\ldots 0041$
4. Hith Schoot Dropout and Collere Entrance, High school dropout rates are relatively hish asong atudents with low cognitive test performance; of low socio-economic status; and from non-hsian minority backsrounda. Seniors who enter post-acondary ducation within two years tend to have opposite characteriatica. They tend to have high test scoresifo be of hish sociopdohdaic status; sind to coise from asian or non-minority backgrounds. They are sliso disproportionately reasle, and are likely to have taken an acadesic progration high school. Some 12 percent of hith school students with high test scores have not gone on to poat-accondary education within 2 years or high school graduation.

1982 School_Status_of 1980 Hish School Studento

|  | Sophomores in 1980 Who Hed Dropped Out日y 1982 | Seniors in 1980 Who Hace Entered Post-Secondery Educition. By 1982 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 4-Yest College | 2-Year coliege | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vocational/ } \\ & \text { Technicsi } \\ & \text { Institutions } \end{aligned}$ |
| Totel | 148 | 638 | 358 | 258 | 88 |
| Ser <br> Mele <br> Fanale | $\begin{aligned} & 158 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 593 \\ & 666 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 348 \\ & 36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 238 \\ & 26 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 68 \\ 9 \end{gathered}$ |
| Race/Ethnicity White Black Hispenic Asian American Indian | $\begin{aligned} & 128 \\ & 17 \\ & 18 \\ & 3 \\ & 39 \end{aligned}$ | 645 60 52 86 53 | 378 33 20 51 20 | 258 20 28 37 28 | $\begin{gathered} 78 \\ 11 \\ 9 \\ 4 \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ |
| Sociceconomic Status H 1 gh <br> Middle <br> Low | $\begin{gathered} 58 \\ 9 \\ 17 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 868 \\ & 63 \\ & 86 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.18 \\ & 32 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 278 \\ & 27 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | 58 8 9 |
| Cognitive Test Perforas nce High Midde Low | $\begin{gathered} 38 \\ 9 \\ 19 \end{gathered}$ | 883 65 40 | 698 33 11 | 218 30 20 | $11^{88}$ |
| ```High School Program Academle General Vocationsl/ Technical``` | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \\ & 13^{8} \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 868 \\ & 55 \\ & 84 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 648 \\ & 24 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 248 \\ & 27 \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ | 988 ${ }_{9}^{58}$ |

- Note: The percentage of sendurs entering each type of institution adda to more than total because some entered core than one type.
Source: Center for Statistics, U.S. Departant of Education, High School and Beyond, Iro Years in_Hich Scbools
 of 1980 Senders, Tsule 3 .

5. Educitiont Prosmena Cor the Handigapgat, Between 1976-77 (the beginhing of state data collection) and
 soout 17 percent. The total number of all ctudenta, on the other hend, declined by obout 11 percent. ine number or atucentifreciying speolal education in the category or learning diambility has increated 130 31 percent. Other catesoriea experienced lityle eses the result of serious eationsion dizturbince has incressed
 oteforiet are partly due to the decresse in the overial size of the achool-aged population.

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { entare_s } \\ & \text { aldant } \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Total }}{\text { by Type }}$ | Public of Hn日ed | $\frac{\text { School }}{181 D}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Siumbe } \\ & \text { Served } \end{aligned}$ | en of cod |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1976-17 | 1978-79 | 1981-82 | 1983-84 | 1984-85 | 1970-77 | 1978-70 | 1981-82 | 1983-84 | 1985-85 |
| All Conditicna | 8.338 | 9.148 | 10.478 | 10.988 | 10.988 | 3,692 | 3,889 | 4,198 | 4,298 | 4,315 |
| Learnins Diasbled | 1.80 | 2.66 | 1.05 | 4.62 | 4.66 | 796 | 1,130 | 1,622 | 1,806 | 1,832 |
| Speech Inpalred | 2.94 | 2.85 | 2.83 | 2.88 | 2.86 | 1,302 | 1,214 | 1,135 | 1,128 | 1,126 |
| Mentally Retarded | 2.16 | 2.12 | 1.96 | 1.86 | 1.77 | 959 | 901 | 786 | 727 | 694 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sericualy Emotionally } \\ & \text { Disturted } \end{aligned}$ | \% 8.64 | . 71 | . 85 | . 92 | . 95 | 283 | 300 | 339 | 361 | 372 |
| Hearing Impaired | . 20 | . 20 | . 19 | . 18 | . 18 | 87 | 85 | 75 | 72 | 69 |
| orthopedicelly Hencl capped | . 20 | . 16 | . 14 | . 14 | . 14 | 87 | 70 | 58 | 56 | 56 |
| Visuslly Handicupped | . 09 | . 08 | . 07 | . 07 | . 07 | 38 | 32 | 29 | 29 | 28 |
| Deat-blind | nt | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | ne | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Other Hesl th Iupeired | . 32 | . 25 | . 20 | . 13 | . 17 | 141 | 105 | 79 | 53 | 68 |
| Kul tihandicapped | n8 | . 12 | . 18 | . 17 | .18 | ก* | 50 | 71 | 65 | 69 |

Mote: The avallablity of apacial reacurcea for diamped students has been algnificantly arfected oy the Handicapped children Aot of 1975 . Isplementation or the regulations for theac laws case into erfect iA : 1977 and achool year 1978-79 reapectively.



6. Enrollnent of Presghool Haptlenogec children. The number of chilaren enro' 1 ed in preschool programs for handicspped children went froex less zhen 200,000 ir $1976-77$ to nearly 260,000 in 198t-85, i 32 percent increase.

Number Enrolled end Percent Change in Enrollment Enrolled snd Percent Change in Enr
of Preschool Handicapped Chilidren*

Schoo: Year

|  | 1976-71 | 1973-78 | 1978-79 | 1979-80 | 1980-81 | 1081-82 | 1982-83 | 1085-88 | 1080-85 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Chinge } \\ & 1976-77 \\ & 50 \quad 1985-85 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nuzber Served | 196,223 | 200,589 | 215,885 | 231,815 | 233,793 | 227,612 | 242,112 | 242,087 | 259,483 | 63,260 |
| Parcent Change fros Previous |  | +2.28 | -7.18 | -7.98 | +0.98 | -2.6\% | -6.5\% | +0.45 | +6.7\% | -32.28 | Istr

- Figures represent the numbers of preschool chiddren served under Part b of the Educstion of the Hendicspped kct, P.L. 94-142.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Educstion, Eighth Annusl Report to Congress on the Implementation or the Education of the lisndicapped Act, 1986.

blacke reasin conaiderably lower in comporimon with whites. The reading proflefency of firlis has been
conalatently above that for boya by emodest anount.

| Rending-Procicifosy |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |

1970-1 1974-5 1979-80 3-1

Wote: Tha masn represent withted tameral reading proficienoy acorea on o-500 acalt. (A seore in the i50 pance represents $r$ rudinentary resing bilityi in the 200 ranca, baale proficiency

 levela. Iesding testa were conduoted in 1971,1975 , 1980 , and 1984 for $9-$ and 17 -yesral de, and in 1970, 1974, 1979, and 1983 for 13-yenf-01de.




 hither at age 17.

|  | Mitlonh Ariegraent of Equentiognl Prefice <br>  <br>  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | On Itma Conamen to ill three frienmenti |  |  |
|  | 1972-73 | 1977-78 | 1981-32 |
| 489. <br> -year-olda 13-yaar-olda 17-ytar-elds |  |  |  |
|  | 39.88 | 39.18 | 38.98 |
|  | 53.7 | 52.2 | 56.4 |
|  | 55.0 | 52.1 | 51.8 |
|  |  | On Itama In Lest Tro hasessment |  |
|  |  | 1977-78 | 1981-82 |
| 2aga/Ethnicity |  |  |  |
| 111 3tudenta |  | 55.48 | 56.48 |
| White |  | 58.1 | 58.8 |
| Black |  | 43.1 | 45.2 |
| Hiapanio |  | 16.6 | 47.7 |
| 13-7ear-clds |  |  |  |
|  |  | 56.68 59.9 | 60.58 63.1 |
| black |  | 43.7 | 48.2 |
| Hiapanic |  | 45.4 | 51.9 |
| 17-yearool da |  |  |  |
| 41 studenta |  | 60.48 | 60.28 |
| Maite |  | 63.2 | 63.1 |
| glack |  | 13.7 | 45.0 |
| Hispanic |  | 48.5 | 49.4 |
| Sey y-year+elda |  |  |  |
| Mol: |  | 55.38 | 55.88 |
| freale |  | 55.3 | 56.9 |
| 13-yearoolds |  |  |  |
| Fayale |  | 56.9 | 30.6 |
| 17-year-olde |  |  |  |
| Male <br> Fumale |  | $62.08$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.68 \\ & 58.58 \end{aligned}$ |

Mote: Mationel hisegapat test rasulta are basod on natioual probability asaples of atudeata at the apecified seg levels. Differeat testavere usid for sach get, so comparison betvean ige groupa for siny ilven three aseastappropriate. Data in the top part of the tablag bated on itema coaparable over all
 and Hispenio ore nonooverlapplag ontegotione


 1963. Further inoreasea in both astheatios and verbal acoras have occurred in recent years. fowever, aversge dovela are atile oonaiderably below thoae obtained in the andy 1960 g. Malez acort aubatantially higher than ower, on the arerage, than whites, the gap has narrowed somewhat in recent yoara. The acorea of other race and ethnic grnupa are interasedite between thoas of blacka and whitea, with the exception of agian/pacitic atudenta who acore exceptionally hish on the atheatica portion.

## Aysrae SAt scores

196319701976198019811982198319841985

| Matheatios acore Oyerall Mean | 502 | 488 | 472 | 466 | 466 | 467 | 168 | 471 | 475 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | na | 509 | 497 | 491 | 392 | 493 | 493 | 495 | 499 |
| Fenale | na | 465 | 446 | 43 | 443 | 443 | 445 | 449 | 452 |
| Aaper |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | na | ns | 493 | 482 | 483 | 483 | 484 | 487 | 490 |
| Black | na | rat | 354 | 360 | 362 | 366 | 369 | 373 | 376 |
| daerican indian | na | ni | 420 | 426 | 425 | 424 | 425 | 427 | 428 |
| Anien/Pacitic | na | n* | 518 | 509 | 513 | 513 | 514 | 519 | 518 |
| Ethnic Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mexioan haericana | na | ns | 110 | 413 | 415 | 416 | 417 | 420 | 426 |
| Puerto kiosna* | na | ni | ni | n3 | 396 | 398 | 397 | 100 | 405 |
| Yerbal acere |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sez |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | na | 459 | 433 | 428 | 430 | 431 | 430 | 433 | 437 |
| Fensle | na | 461 | 130 | 420 | 18 | 421 | 120 | 120 | 425 |
| taoe |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | ne | n8 | 451 | $4{ }^{5} 2$ | $4{ }_{4}$ | 44.4 | 143 | 445 | 449 |
| 8lack | ni | ni | 332 | 330 | 332 | 341 | 339 | 342 | 346 |
| Latrioat Indiana | ni | ni | 388 | 390 | 391 | 388 | 380 | 390 | 392 |
| Asian/Paolfio | ns | ne | 414 | 396 | 397 | 398 | 395 | 398 | 404 |
| Ethnic Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nexionn daerionna | na | na | 371 | 372 | 373 | 377 | 375 | 376 | 382 |
| Puerto Ricana | ne | ne | ns | ne | 361 | 367 | 365 | 366 | 373 |

Does not include Puerto hiona in Puerto kioo.
Note Wheresa reaulta from the Xational Aasasament of Eduoational Prograsa are based on probebility asmplea of U.S, students, SAT averages are based on gelf-asleoted aub-troups of the student population. Thus,
 hich-ios resdos akids ond in atudeat knowledse in aress auoh as soienoe, oitizenahip, literature, and musio during the 1970 s .

##   

## HEALTH AND HEALTH-RFLATED BEHAVIOR'

1. Prenatal Care. As of 1984, one birth in 20 was to mother who received either late care or none at ald. During the early 1970s, there was a substantial increase in the proportion of pregnant wowen receiving early renatal care. the increase was especially marked among black women. Since 1978, however, there has been virtually no reduction in the percentage of pregnant women receiving late or no prenatal care. Black women remain less ikely to receive early care than white women. Hispanic women, especially those of Puerto Rican origin, are less likely to receive early care than non-Hispanic women.

|  | Pergsitage of Wive Births |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1970 | 1972 | 1978 | 1976 | 1978 | 1980 | 1884 |
| Prenatal care began: Elrst erifeester |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All races and origins | 688 | $70 \%$ | 728 | 745 | 75\% | $76 \%$ | 775 |
| White | 72 | 74 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| Black | 44 | 49 | 54 | 58 | 60 | 63 | 62 |
| Ald Hispanic women | na | n* | na | na | na* | 605 | 625 |
| Cuban |  |  |  |  |  | 83 | 82 |
| Mexican |  |  |  |  |  | 60 | 60 |
| Puerto Rican |  |  |  |  |  | 55 | 57 |
| Non-Hispanic wemen |  |  |  |  |  | 77 | 77 |
| Ibied trimester or |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| no orenatal cers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ald races and origins | 88 | 78 | 68 | 68 | 58 | 58 | 58 |
| White | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| Black | 17 | 13 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 10 |
|  | na | na | na | na | na* | 125 | 135 |
| Cusan |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 |
| Mexican |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 13 |
| Puerto Rican |  |  |  |  |  | 16 | 16 |
| Non-Hispanic women |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 5 |

c women
based only on 17 reporting states and account for only an tstimated 60 s or are Hispanic or Spanish origin births in 1978, these data are not shown.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, Health, United States, 1982 , Table 24 ; Honthly Yital Statistics Beport, Yol. 31 No. 8 Supplement, Novewher, 1982 , Tables 13,20, Vol. 35 . No. 4 Supplement, July 1986, table 25, and unpublished data. Birth rigures flr hispanic women in 1984 are based on data for 23 States and the District of Columbia Which report hispanic origin of the mother on the birth certificate. These states accounted for 90 percent or the hispanic pupulation in 1980. Hispanic data for 1980 from: Honthly Vital Sratistics Report Vol. 32, No. 6, Supplement Sept. 1983, Table 13 (based on 22 states).

| 2. Premital Gire and Matermi Chemateriatics. More than three-quarters of the women who had babiea in 1984 initietad prenatal oera during thair tirat triaester. Tennaged sothera vere leas likely than older mothera to receive promatal core in the first three montha of their pragnencies and aore likely co receive eare in the third triaester or no prenatal cara at all. Hothers with deas then high-achool eduostion ware less apt to get early prenatal oare than oothere with aore education. Late prenatal care and the total deck of care were siso more commonang unmarrind mothers in comparison with married aothers, and saong blacks in comparison with whites. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | aent olst By Honth And Kotins Mertal S |  |  |  |
| Hanth Cape_Berap |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Alt } \\ \text { nonthe } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { at-3rd } \\ & \text { month } \end{aligned}$ | 4th-6th month | $\begin{gathered} \text { 7th-9th } \\ \text { sprith } \end{gathered}$ | No Prenatil_Gere |
| All live birtha | 113 | 778 | 188 | 45 | 23 |
| Mother'a ece at birth of chidd |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leas then 15 | 1008 | 358 | 358 | 15\% | 68 |
| 15-19 | 1008 | 54 | 34 | 8 | 3 |
| 20-24 | 1008 | 73 | 21 | 5 | 2 |
| 25-34 | 1008 | 84 | 12 | 2 | 1 |
| 35 or more | 1008 | 81 | 15 | 3 | 2 |
| Mother'a education |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0-8 yesrs | 1008 | 538 | 328 | 108 | 58 |
| 9-11 yeara | 1008 | 59 | 31 | 8 | 3 |
| 12 yeara | 1008 | 78 | 18 | 3 | 1 |
| 13-15 yeara | 1008 | 85 | 12 | 2 | 1 |
| 16 yeers or more | 100s | 92 | 7 | 1 | <1 |
| Mothar's marital stetus |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marriad | 1008 | 828 | 148 | 38 | 18 |
| Unasiried | 1008 | 55 | 32 | 9 | 1 |
| Mother'a race |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uhite | 1008 | 808 | 168 | 38 | 18 |
| Blask | 1008 | 62 | 28 | 6 | 3 |

Note: Figerss For the total 15 ine end for ses, racs, and marited atatua
 Dostifioates from if roporting atates end tha Diatriot of Colvoile. fobulations axolude sases with miasing data, which conetitute arvery mall proportion of ill bir tha. Due to roundint, numbera do not alvaya sda up to loos.
Souroe: afe of ather and raoe of obild ketionat conter for Hast th




3. Lom Airth Yeicht. There has been slisht decline in the proportion of childran born with low birth weight, but essentially no decline in the proportion born with an extrexely low birth weight. Black children continue co be tuice as likely to be born with low birth weight. Puerto Rican ' ${ }^{\prime}$ childran are mora likely to be of low birth weight than children from other Hispanic sroups or non-Hispanic children.


Data for Mispanic wosen are available for 1978, but because they are based only on 17 reporting states and account for only an estimated 608 of all Hispanic or Spanish orisin births in 1978, these data are not ahown.

Note: Prior to 1979, low dirth weight and extreaely lou birth weight were dofined as weighins 2,500 srins or deas and weighing libe reame of lesa, reapectivaly. In 1979, the derinition was changed so that low birth weight was darined ss weighing less ithin_2.500 crame and sxtranely dow birthweight as waighing less then 1,500 cicims. The pounds and ounces equivalents to these ficures are as follows:

2,500 crans or less $=5$ 10s. 9 oz. or leas;
1,500 grans or lesa $=3 \mathrm{lbs}$. 5 ot. or leas;
Lass than 2,500 srans $=5$ 103. ot of or lesai
Lesa ciisn 1,500 zrans $=3$ los. az. or less.
Source: National Centar for Health Statistica, Henlth. United States. 1982. Table 2A; Honthly vitil Statiatics heport, Vol. 31 Ho. I Supplearnt, Movenber, 1582, Tsbles 13,20, Vol. 35 , No. A Supplement, July 1986,
 women are basd on data for 23 Statez and the district of Columbia which report diapanic origin or the aother on the birth certificate. These states accounted for 90 percent of the Hispanic population in
 Vol. 32, No. 6 Supplewant, Sept. 1983, tsble 17 (based on 22 atates).

 declines when childbearing wosen are in cheir twentles and early thirtios, alter which the proportion of low birth veight bables rises again. Despite in ovaral decine in the incidence of 10 w bleth weight, children born to yrung and black mothars ramiln disproportionstely lixely $t=$ be of low birth welght.

| Mother': Rece and Age | Parcant of Birthe Thet Aro of low bireh waight |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1984 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| All Racos |  |  |  |  |
| Nil agea | 7.91 | 7.41 | 6.81 | 6.78 |
| <15 | 16.6 | 14.1 | 14.6 | 13.6 |
| 15-17 | 10.5 | 11.1 | 10.5 | 10.3 |
| 18-19 |  | 9.3 | 8.8 | 8.8 |
| 20-24 | 7.1 | 3.1 | 6.9 | 6.9 |
| 25-23 | 6.9 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| 30-34 | 7.5 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| 35-39 | 8.7 | 0.2 | 7.0 | 6.7 |
| 40 | 9.2 | 9.5 | 8.3 | 8.3 |
| mhlras |  |  |  |  |
| $<15$ | 12.5 | 11.3 | 11.2 | 10.8 |
| 15-17 | 88.6 | 8.1 | 8.6 | 8.5 |
| 18-19 |  |  | 7.2 | 7.2 |
| 20-24 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| 25-29 | 6.2 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| 30-34 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 5.1 | 5.1 |
| 35-39 | 7.8 | 7.3 | 6.2 | 5.3 |
| 40. | 8.4 | 8.7 | 7.4 | 7.4 |
| Blacks |  |  |  |  |
| $<15$ | 19.1 | 16.2 | 17.2 | 15.6 |
| 15-17 | (15.7 | 14.8 | 14.2 | 13.9 |
| 18.19 |  |  | 13.7 | 13.2 |
| 20-24 | 13.4 | 12.8 | 12.6 | 12.: |
| 25-29 | 12.2 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 11.7 |
| $30 \cdot 34$ | 12.3 | 11.8 | 11.1 | 11.7 |
| 35.19 | 13.4 | 13.2 | 11.7 | 12.6 |
| 40. | 12.9 | 13.0 | 12.3 | 13.5 |

Notal Since 1979, bou birth wefght has baen delined as lass than 2500 grama or 5 pounde 8 ounces or less. (See note to ieble 3.)

Sourcas
National Center for Health Statiselcs. Monthly yfred Seatistics
Reoort, Advance Report of Inal Netaifity Stetistics. 1984,

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00 51
``` 01. 35. Ho. 4. Supplement. Tab:e 15; -Advance Report of Tinal
 31. Mo. 2 Supplarane ( \(2:\), foble 8
5. Birth yeinht And Eranting Gare. The proportions of both low and very lou birth welght bables are \(3-20-6\) tieas higher for eothers who recelve no



Eeccent Dintribuelan or live Blethe Ay Bipth Kalsht And Yonfb
Prempll Gare Bernn. 1984
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & All Birth Yedrat & Leas Than 1500 Grat & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1500 \text { to } \\
& 2500 \text { grase }
\end{aligned}
\] & 2500 erama er Hors \\
\hline d11 11ve births & 1008 & 18 & 68 & 938 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Prenalal cara began:} \\
\hline 1st-3rd moneh & 1008 & 1: & 58 & 945 \\
\hline Ath-6eh month & 1008 & 1 & 7 & 92 \\
\hline \(7 \mathrm{th}-9 \mathrm{th}\) month & 1008 & 1 & 7 & 93 \\
\hline Mo pranatal care & 1008 & 6 & 13 & 81 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Motes Datesta beatd on birth oortificetes from sll atstea and che diatrice of Columbis. Tebuletiona excluct cesea with
alaing dats, which oonatitute very amsll proportion of all drthe. Less enen 1500 sreme 3 pounde, ouncse
Leas then 2500 frata \(=5\) pounds; ounces or lias.
Sources ketional Center for Hesl th statiatics, unpublished tabulationa eupgisid by the Diviaion or vieal statiatiote.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & & cant & Dan & ner & 008 & re 8 & thr & & & \\
\hline & 1850 & 1860 & 1985 & 1970 & 1975 & 1971 & 1980 & 19月1 & 1982 & 1983 & 1984 & 1985 \\
\hline 411 Reces & 29.2 & 26.0 & 24.7 & 20.0 & 16.1 & 14.1 & 12.6 & 11.9 & 11.5 & 11.2 & 10.8 & \(10.6{ }^{\circ}\) \\
\hline Whites & 26.8 & 22.9 & 21.5 & 17.8 & 14.2 & 12.3 & 11.0 & 10.5 & 10.1 & 9.1 & 9.4 & no \\
\hline ajecke & 13.9 & 14.3 & 11.7 & 32.6 & 26.2 & 23.6 & 21.4 & 30.0 & 19.6 & 19.2 & 18.4 & ne \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- Prorialonal data

Nots: The infent mortality rets is the nuber of deache of ohlldren under age 1 per 1000 live birthe.

Source: Motional Canter for Hoelth Statiotioe, Hemith United statien 1982, Jable 11. Date for 198! end 1962 from Motionel Cantar for Healin Statiatios pairthe, Marriages, givoroes, and Dantha for
 isoport of Final Mortalisy Statiatiog. ig79. Monthiy yisel stifis. tlar leport. Vol. 31 . Mo. 6, Suppleant, fobl 20, Vol. \(33,10,3\)




 raget elice \(1 \% 70\).

Monialte tucetersimes
Iojury pathe
roth pir 100,000)
carlere 1-4

Moemaice
(rate Per 100,000)
Caildran 1-
\begin{tabular}{lllllllll}
4.8 & 5.5 & 4.3 & 5.8 & 5.9 & 6.1 & 6.7 & 5.3 & 6.5 \\
0.7 & 1.1 & 1.9 & 2.5 & 3.5 & 2.6 & 2.7 & 2.3 & 2.4
\end{tabular}

Notet Mondolce and Unseternime io the ove of the hoaloide viotiaization rate onf the deeth rete due to injury undetersined whathar occidencally or prpocefuly iaflioted.
sourent Philipd. Cook ond John \(H\). Lab, mrande in child obuen and Juvenil ancortp Mar 1985 Public ith ney, unpublithed manutoript, Kay, 1985 oitine the Pubide

 stetiotioc.
 oonditiona enons iafanta soopunt for moat mortality prior to adoleacence. By irom disenes and hesith ooadstions. Desth ratea sre generaliy highor saons blaok ohildran and youth than emong white young people, with the sost notabl diaparitial ooourriag in infanoy and young adulthood. In both the firat yoar or iffe end the 15-24 age sroup, death ratea for blacka due to diancaea and heal th oonditione art approxicately twiot at hich at thoat for whitea, daon youth \(15-24\), whites have hicher non-disuastrilited death ratea because they of ot grater piak of dyingin motor vehiole seofdents.

Iotill beathr by im
Monc uns. Childern and Youth 1984
urate of Dethen
(par 100,000 young people)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline AfeGroun & 41.8 & Hhitel & Blacke & H1Haces & Yhites & Aleks \\
\hline Loat Shan 1 & 39,580 & 27,608 & 10,881 & 1088 & 932 & 1964 \\
\hline 1-1 & 7.372 & 5,413 & 1,679 & 52 & 4 & 79 \\
\hline 5-14 & 9,076 & 7,011 & 1,829 & 27 & 25 & 35 \\
\hline 15-2\% & 38,817 & 31,515 & 6,331 & 97 & 95 & 112 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Death Dut to Dismer and Hanlth Conditions
yrber of Dethe panth inte
(per 100,000 youns pesple)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Aee Croup & 111. Recen & Yuthits & Alack & 111_lace: & Hhites & Brack: \\
\hline Leaz than ! & 37,742 & 27,020 & 10,659 & 1035 & 912 & 1924 \\
\hline 1-4 & -.558 & 3,347 & 1,05 & 32 & 29 & 49 \\
\hline 5-14 & 4,873 & 3,747 & 998 & 14 & 14 & 19 \\
\hline 15-24 & 19,016 & 14,062 & 4.487 & 47 & 42 & 19 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Denthr Dute to facidentif Eatsontre or Violence
Hober of Decting Deth Ratel
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Are Groun & A1. Rnace & Hhitela & Alack & M1. Recen & Whiten & Alack \\
\hline Leas than 1 & 1,838 & 588 & 222 & 50 & 20 & 10 \\
\hline 1-1 & 2,818 & 2,066 & 625 & 20 & 18 & 29 \\
\hline 5-14 & 4,198 & 3,264 & 835 & 12 & 12 & 16 \\
\hline 15-24 & 19,801 & 17,453 & 1,844 & 49 & 52 & 33 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\(\mathrm{r}_{1} \cdot 5\)
}

3
Soureas Caleulated by child Trenda. Ino. froe unpublianed data furaiahed by the statiation Reaouroea Branch, Mational Conter for Health tapialios. state.
9. Hondalde Danthe Anont Children and Youth. Homicide retee smonf chilaren end youth heve leveled off or declinad in the 1980s, with the decline for
 murdere of chileren and youth onnt anue to be buch more colanon now than they were two or three decatee ego. Homlcice retes are higheet for older i. edolescents and youns edulte. Amons chileren, the retes ere nisher fof Infente and preschoolere then roi school-eged chllaren. The rites for mele youthe ere ebout 3 tiees the retes for resele youths anong whites, end tises hither mons blecks. The retee for bleck youth ere 3 to 6 tiest higher then those tor white youth. Decpite recent deciline, hoalcide fetes for young bleck eeles reteln estremely hish.


Inolucea deethe of non-resicenta of the United States
Mote: In eddition to homelde, the teble includes deethe by legel intervention, thet is, ee reatit of polioe ection or execution. \$uob deethe ere rere aso yount chileren.

Source: Ketionel Center for fiealth stetiatice, Health, United styish 1982 Teble 21; Henlth, United Steteg: 1985, Teble 2f; ent un. ublished dete furnished by the Stetisticel Recourcee Brench.









\section*{
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Cause of Dezth and lie Grose} & & & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Lapor of mickis} \\
\hline & 1979 & 1898 & 1981 & 1882 & 1983 & \\
\hline nozor robicie doeldon & & & & 182 & 183 & 1981 \\
\hline Agoa 12-18 & 1,062 & 1,014 & 957 & 896 & 855 & 11 \\
\hline 2 coc 15-17 & 5,474 & 4.185 & 3.583 & 3.043 & 2,777 & 2,965 \\
\hline fotai (agee 12-19) & 10,581 & 10,114 & 8,913 & 7,836 & 7,254 & 7,366 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Honloste} \\
\hline Agae 12-14 & 160 & 188 & 214 & 175 & 166 & 158 \\
\hline 28090 15 & \% 830 & + 949 & - 830 & + 751 & 649 & 621 \\
\hline fotal (AEOH 12-19) & 2,371 & 2,441 & 2,265 & \(\frac{1}{2,112}\) & 1,808 & 1,762 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Suletar} \\
\hline Agot 12-14 & 141 & 130 & 149 & 176 & 182 & \\
\hline Agaa 15-17 & 742 & 743 & 739 & 708 & 749 & 776 \\
\hline  & \(\frac{1.016}{1.929}\) & 1.059 & 1.031 & \(\frac{1.022}{1,906}\) & 928 & 14 \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & \[
\text { Coer } 10
\] &  & 280n) & \\
\hline Couse of Death & 1929 & 1980 & 1981 & 1882 & 1983 & 2985 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{} \\
\hline  & 39.4 & 39.8 & 39.0. & 8.2
26.6 & 7.6
25.1 & 27.09 \\
\hline Lea 18-19 & 38.0 & 85.5 & 51.7 & 46.4 & 25.1 & 45.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{delde} \\
\hline 1gid 12-14 & 1.6 & 1.7 & 2.0 & 1.6 & 1.5 & 1.8 \\
\hline 1soa 15 & 15.1 & 15.6 & 77 & \({ }^{6.65}\) & 3.9 & 5.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Susesde}} \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline  & 5.3 & 1.2
6.0 & 1.4
6.2 & 1.6 & \({ }_{6}^{1.8}\) & 1.9 \\
\hline 1-1/ & 12.0 & 12.1 & 12.2 & 12.2 & 11.3 & 11.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
culoten tronds. \\
Soursa: fatiomal Cobtar \\
properat by the
\end{tabular} & for heet nortal 1 &  & unp & 11shod &  & \\
\hline
\end{tabular} priperid by the Mortalisy stesiesioa fronoh, Divieson of Vital stokletis.
11. Temensulade. Nearly 1,900 teenagers aged \(12-19\) took their own lives in 1984. The suicide rate of teens ased \(15-19\) has more than doubled since 1960 , al though nost of the incrase had taken place by 1978. Among subgroups, only black remales Kily a rate in 1984 that ia lesa than twice the 1960 rate. Sulcide rates are higher for od der atifenagers than for younger teens, for males than for females, and for whites than for blacks.

Number of Deaths
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Population Groups & 1960 & 1970 & 1975 & 1978 & 1980 & 1981 & 1982 & 1983 & 1984 \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{All teenagers} \\
\hline Ages 12-14 & n* & n* & กะ & i41 & 130 & 149 & 176 & 182 & 205 \\
\hline Ases 15-19 & 475 & 1,123 & 1,594 & 1,788 & 1,79\% & 1.770 & 1,730 & 1,677 & 1.692 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Death Rates
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Population Groups & & 1980 & 1970 & 1975 & 1978 & 1980 & 1981 & 1982 & 1082 & 1984 \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{All teenagers} \\
\hline Ases 12-14 & & กe & n* & na & 1.3 & 1.2 & 1.4 & 1.6 & 1.6 & 1.9 \\
\hline Ases 15-19 & & 3.6 & 5.9 & 7.5 & 8.4 & 8.5 & 8.7 & 8.7 & 8.7 & 9.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{White males} \\
\hline Ase: 12-14 & & กิ & ns & n* & 1.8 & 2.1 & 2.1 & 2.7 & 2.5 & 3.0 \\
\hline Ages 15-19 & \(t\) & 5.9 & 9.4 & 12.9 & 14.3 & 15.0 & 14.9 & 15.5 & 15.1 & 15.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{White remales} \\
\hline Ases 12-14 & & ne & na & na & 1.0 & 0.5 & 1.0 & 0.7 & 0.7 & 1.0 \\
\hline Ases 15-19 & & 1.6 & 2.9 & 3.1 & 3.4 & 3.3 & 3.8 & 3.4 & 3.5 & 3.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{Black males} \\
\hline Ages 12-14 & & ก & na & nt & 0.4 & 0.9 & 0.4 & 1.6 & 1.3 & 1.6 \\
\hline Ages 15-19 & & 2.9 & 4.7 & 6.1 & 6.7 & 5.6 & 5.5 & 6.2 & 6.5 & 5.9 \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{Black remales} \\
\hline Ages 12-14 & & nt & na & na & 0.4 & 0.2 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 1.7 & 0.2 \\
\hline Age: 15-19 & & 1.1 & 2.9 & 1.5 & 2.1 & 1.6 & 1.6 & 1.5 & 1.7 & 1.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: See siso daca on teen sulcide in preceding entries.
Source: Kational Center for Health Statistias, unpublished work tables prepared by the Hortality Statistics Branch, Division of Vital Statistics.
12. Qcficially Regorsed calle matreatment, The total number of reports of
 befan, to 1,7 million in \(188 k\). Rotes of reportid malitrestaent per 1,000 erildren havealso maitreataent is nesiect (the deprivation of necessities). Miror physical injurtionstely youns (presehool ase) and nonowhite.

Hupher anc Rate of chitle
Hinifeatemeni ferorts
huaber of child
Ealtreatment reports ( 000 s ) Rate per \({ }^{2,000}\) children
Proportion substantiated
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1976 & 1.980 & 1882 & 1984 & 1985* \\
\hline 669 & 1,154 & 1,262 & 1.727 & 1.877 \\
\hline 10.1 & 18.1 & 2 Cl 1 & 27.3 & 25.8 \\
\hline na & ne & \(n\) & 528 & 4.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Troe of Naltirerteant \({ }^{\text {Physical }}\) Physical injury
Major
inder Major
Minor
Unspecified
Neglect
Sexual anitreateent
tuotional aaltreataent
other maltrestment

\({ }_{0}^{2} 8\)
438
\(6-11\)
\(12-17\)
\begin{tabular}{l}
33 \\
24 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
SeI Male
Lace
52
673
Black
Hispanis
\(\begin{array}{r}21 \\ 10 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}\)
Figuris for 1985 do not incluce atitratient re -percent for type of maltreitment idds to more than 100 because a enild may be raportac an mal treated in Eore than one way.
Note: Ihe numer of raports of Ealtreateent in year exceeds the nuaber of for whel two or aore reports of maltreataent are on record. Ineresses over tife in reporta of enifa isitreateent could be due to better reporting practices (espeoially inproyeaents inatigated by iecisiation mandating such reports in som states), to actual ineriasea in levela of maltreataent, or both. The valicity of al ener oxplonation cannot be deterained from the data, Moreover, ainy cases o: reported abitreataent could chance at different rates or even in opposite direc. tions. Leas t in maj, the reported cases are substantisted upon investication by child protective aervicas agancies. However, states differ conaiderably in ensif definition of subatantiation, and it is posaible that sone unaubstantiased cases

Source: daerican dsaosiation for Protecting Children, inc., Hieblefats of OCCieal chlederectect ind


 to chlldhood have been eradiosted or frastly reduced in frequency. The annusi inoldenoe of reported messias cases, for exemple, hes failen iroe 245 oasea per 100,000 U.S. oltizena in 1960 , zem yeara before vaceline for meesies becane avellable, to just over 1 oese per 100,000 in the 1980s. The sual of totelly eilminstins meeeles hea not been attained, however. And acnei domau. niosble diseeses of ohlldhood, such as chickenpox, heve yet to be conquered.



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Messles & 245 & 135 & 23 & 11 & 6 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline Rubelia & ne & ne & 28 & 8 & 2 & 1 & 1 & <1 & \(<1\) & \(\leqslant 1\) \\
\hline Pertusaia & 9 & ! & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline Muaps & n* & n* & 56 & 28 & ! & 2 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline Chickenpox & ก* & nt & ne & 70 & 97 & 100 & 94 & 100 & 138 & ne \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
-Provisionel data.
Mote: Data are based on oases of notifiable diseeses reported to atste and territorial health efancies and rhance to the Centers for Diseese Control (CDC) in Atlints. Completaness of reportint varies treatiy nasalch ea not all casea recelve medicel cere and nol all trasted ondila are reportin. to CDC by rect reporting, but reporting to the CDC by atstes and territories ia voluntary.
Source: Metionsl Center for Hesith Stetistics, Henlth: United States, 1982, Table 26; Helleh: United States, 1985, Table 30. Date for 198n and Table 26; Henleh: Unlted Steteg_ 1985, Table 30 or Date for 1984 zation.
14. Immoization Among Preschool Children. Since 1975, the proportions of children aged l-q Who have bean imanized against each of several zajor childhood diseases have leveled off or declined. For vumps, the proportion inaunzed rose from 1975 te the early 80 a , but now appears to haveleveled off
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1970 & 1975 & 1980 & 1981 & 1983 & 1984 \\
\hline Measles & 578 & 668 & 648 & 648 & 658 & 38 \\
\hline pubella & 37 & 62 & 64 & 65 & 64 & 61 \\
\hline D.P.T: \({ }^{\text {P }}\) & 76 & 75 & 68 & 68 & 66 & 66 \\
\hline Hump3 & - & 45 & 59 & 60 & 57
60 & 55 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- Diphtheris-Pertussis-Tetanue, 3 doses or more; Pollo, 3 doses or nope

Source: Hational Center for Heal th Statistics, Henlth: United States, 1985 , isble 29; U.S. Bureau of the Census, Stribstical Abstrift of the Inmunizrition Suryey inguni Centers for bi ses se Control
15. Imuntention Moncempliden faterinc schoge. Inare has bean noteble prograse alnot the late 1970 towart univerasl ingunization or achool-agat onlidren, duc largely to tont mohoola requiring proor or imanization a a a oondition or adaialon. by the tiat they anterf fengoi, 96 peroent or ara of kingargartak and riratigrace pup
onilethoot disetaes ilotad below.

Percentere of Chlldeen Faterling Kindargarten_or
 M.Sinhol Xerr
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Diseme & 1978-19 & 1979-80 & 1980-81 & 1981-82 & 1984-85 \\
\hline Meseliea: & 938 & 948 & 968 & 978 & 988 \\
\hline Rubella
Diphtharie-Partuasis- & 91 & 93 & 96 & 97 & 98 \\
\hline Tatanua Polito Mumpa & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 92 \\
& 92 \\
& { }_{8}^{2}
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 94 \\
& 93 \\
& 88
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 96 \\
& 95 \\
& 92
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 96 \\
& 96 \\
& 95
\end{aligned}
\] & 97
96
97 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Sourca: U.3. Public Haal th Sarvice, Cantara for Diaaare Control, Diviaion or Imunization. E=ta fromannual School Entarar Aasasanant.
16. Perent katine of chuldren's Henith status. When U.S. parente gra anked
 healen. Betveen 2 and 3 percent rereted in fir or poor heith hesilh. Betueen \({ }^{2}\) and 3 parcent ars rated in rair or poor heatith. Black as beins in axcellent hail th -- and more likely to be reted in reir or poor health -- then non-minority children end those from more efrluent fanilies. the ovarall diatribution of ahild heelth ratinge has not chanaed aicnificantly in resent yasm.


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Preachool_cinglared } \\
& \text { (Undar } 5 \text { yeares) }
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\[
\frac{\text { School-lead childerso }}{(5-17 \text { Yeara }}
\]} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{tace. 1985} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Rece, 1985} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Parent Rating of \\
childil Health
\end{tabular} & Totil & Ybites & Blackn & Iotil & Yhites & Blask \\
\hline Excellent & 54.71 & 57.28 & 42.48 & 52.08 & 54.48 & 39.4. \\
\hline Very Good & 25.8 & 26.3 & 24.8 & 26.5 & 26.5 & 26.7 \\
\hline Good & 17.2 & 14.8 & 28.6 & 18.9 & 16.9 & 29.0 \\
\hline Fair or Poor & 2.3 & 1.8 & 4.2 & 2.7 & 2.3 & 4.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Eaclly Incone. 1985
Parcht kating of
chidd
Excellent
Very Good
Very
Filr or Poor
810,000-820,000- 835,000

\subsection*{120.000}
\begin{tabular}{llll}
11.78 & 50.38 & 58.38 & 65.58 \\
27.3 & 29.4 & 25.1 & 24.3 \\
26.8 & 10.0 & 14.7 & 8.6 \\
4.2 & 2.4 & 1.8 & 1.6
\end{tabular}

Xenr

\section*{Perant Mating of
Oillide Hellith}

Exoellent
Yery Good
Yary
Gooir or Poos
1933 1981
\begin{tabular}{lll}
54.08 & 53.68 & 54.78 \\
25.1 & 25.1 & 25.8 \\
18.0 & 17.9 & 17.2
\end{tabular}
Hote: The totic uad in the Mationel Health Interviey Survey for ovarell rating or subjects health wat ohanged between 1981 end 1982 fros four-oetegory to five-
oategory aoale. In eddition, neranta vere no longer abed to compars the child with othere or the ame age and ter. Thue, ratinga deta froe yeare prior to 1983 are not atriotly oompereble to recent dete.
Sou'cas Metional Center for Health statiotion, "Currat Eetimates Froe the Metionel

 volume.
 condition thet ore oomem in ahilahood, reipiratory oondition auch at chronic in ausitia, ahronio eronehitia, hay forer end enthas are the wast provalent. Each of them conditione ifteate 3 te a midison youngeters. skin cobditione; orthepedio, hearing, or epesch inpalraents; ond heart muraura oliso treat derte nubera of ahidaren ond dolesounte. dsthan atends out imons the restriation in childreng cen be life throeteninge eaves of cetivity cedical oere. serious childhood diesies auch esepilepiy thd diebetea affect mesiler but itili aubetantiol numbers of youns people.

Ecerclenge of selected chronic Henlth conditions rant lee Gompo la shildthood
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Eatimeted & \\
\hline Number of ceson & Number Per \\
\hline in Poputation & 1,000 Children \\
\hline Hnger 18, 1085 & 10'tre18 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
iespiratory gondition
Chronio elnuaitia
Chronie bronehitio
ay rever or aliertio
Authase
(feese of eunilis
or Idenoide
shin Conditiona
serious ien
\(\begin{array}{ll}2.8 \text { m. ion } & \text { 4. } 5.5 \\ 1.7 \text { mision } & 27.2\end{array}\)
\(\begin{array}{ll}2.8 \text { m. ision } & \text { 4. } 5 \\ 1.7 \text { masion } & 27.2\end{array}\)
Inpalement.
Derornity or
orthopedic impaira
speech impeirment
Yisull inppirment
Other condition
Heert muraure
Nigreine headache
nanies
diebetee
\begin{tabular}{ll}
3.7 mid1ion & 59.6 \\
3.5 midison & 55.5
\end{tabular}
3.2 aillien 50.3
1.7 日illion 20.5

Wotel Chroino conditione es defined in the Metionel Healen Interview survey are oonditione that tither e) were firat noticed 3 monthe or more it fore the referenoe dete of the interview; or b) beions to ar oup of conditions (including heart disanae, diabetes, and others) that ors considered chronic ragardeas of when they begsn. The prevalence eatimsten are band on reperta by parenta or other adult reapondenta in raspone to checklista adniniatered in househole interview. Estinctis for oonditione thet offect fewer thas zenple perses.

Source: Mationel Center for Health statistios, "Current Eatineten from the Mationsi Hanth Interviey Survey: United Stistes, 1985 yital the Hemith stitilitiga, Serié 19, Xuber 160 ; Teblen 57 and \(\frac{62 .}{}\)
 juat over 5 percent of the chiso population, are reported by their parenta to have aone form or aotivity divitation dause by ohronic hesith condition. about 2.3 mililion, or 3.7 percent of tie ehild population, are reported to have ainitation in asajor aotivity, that ia, condition that dinita achool attendanoe (for achool-aged chil dren) or ordinary play (for


Eatimated Muwer in Population
Peroent of alt chitoren
(In thouaanda)
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
1983 & 1085 & 1983 & 1085 \\
3.185 & 3.221 & 5.18 & 5.18 \\
& & & \\
2.196 & 2.312 & 3.58 & 3.78 \\
215 & 292 & 0.35 & 0.5 \\
1.981 & 2.020 & 3.2 & 3.2 \\
980 & 910 & 1.6 & 1.5
\end{tabular}

Total with dctivity Liaitation"
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{children Yith Actixity fiedtelions by} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Sex. Rice. end Finily Inootis. igts} \\
\hline Total With Soet Activity limitilla & Linitation in Major Activity- & Total Witn Some Aetivity lifitetion & Liaitation 1t Major Actiyity! \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{(in thouanda)} \\
\hline 3,221 & 2,311 & 5.18 & 3.78 \\
\hline 1.934 & 1.422 & 6.08 & 4.48 \\
\hline 1,267 & 889 & 4.2 & 2.9 \\
\hline 2,596 & 1,817 & 5.18 & 3.58 \\
\hline 559 & 443 & 5.8 & 4.6 \\
\hline 686 & 56 & 7.58 & 6.28 \\
\hline 705 & 493 & 5.6 & 3.9 \\
\hline 947 & 661 & 4.9 & 3.5 \\
\hline 622 & 431 & 4.0 & 2.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
cepacity in the mationsi Health Interviey Survey, "ifaitation of activity" refera to long-tera recuotion in aperaon's capacity to perform the average kind or mount of activitiea asaociated with hia or her age group. attenting achool is
 or beg binaing with the 1902 survey, question on attending apecial olsasea was acted to the dimitation piquenoe appropriate.

Source: Mational Center for Heal th Statiatica, "Curront Eatiaates Froe the Mational Headth Interviow Surveyt United 3 tates

19. Thratelon Yisita. Children have overaged bout physicion visits per child per yoar since the aldmi970's. More than threequarters or ali children have at lesat one phyalcian contect over the course of yesp. The number of phyalcian visita per child por year rose between 1964 and 1975. The prom portion of childron with at least one visit par year also roae during that period. In recent years, there has been ilitile chanse in the number of visita per year or in the interval since the last visit.
 and Interysh SLace Lase Phyacian Ylalt.
1084197519701980 1981 1983* 1985*

Nuaber of viaits par child
Interral_alace_lat_rydit

\section*{Percent_Dletribution}
\begin{tabular}{lllllllll} 
Less than one year & 67.08 & 73.68 & 75.63 & 76.78 & 76.28 & 77.58 & 17.98 \\
One to dess than two yeara & 14.8 & 14.0 & 13.7 & 12.8 & 13.2 & 11.3 & 11.9 \\
Two yeare or nore & 19.7 & 11.2 & 9.4 & 9.2 & 9.7 & 9.4 & 8.9
\end{tabular}
"Fisurea for 196 1981 are for chdidren under 17 years. Figurea for 1983 and 1985 are for childran under 18 years.

Moto: Physician visits as masured in the National Health Interyitw Survey Include contsets with physicians by telephone.

Source: Calculated from: National Conter for Halth 3tatiatics, Henlth latied Stites. 1082, Tables 35, 36: Current Estiontes ram the Mationsl health Interview Surver: United States, " Yith and Healeb Statisties, Sories 10, Mos. 151, 154, and 160; tables 71 and 72.
 in 10 had not ieen edoctor in two yeara or more. sohool-aged ijdren heve fever paysicien visite per year, and arc lasas likely to heve seq. a doctor within the lest two yeers, then preschool ohildren. children ircm loweincone fzilies ere less likely to reoelve medicel care than children from more offluent fosilies.

dll ch1ldren under 18
185
Under 5 years 5-17 years
Duse
Vhite
Vlack
Enaly Inegas
Under \(\$ 10,000\)
\$10,000- \(\$ 19,999\)
\(820,000-834,999\)
335,000 or aore
4.2
8.98

\section*{Hote: Phyaicien visits es mees ired in the Mational Heedth Interviow Survey include contsots with ph; sicians by telephone.}

Source: Calouleted frons Metion Center for Health statistios. current Catinates from the Mational Hielth Interviow Survej, United stetes, 1985, Yiti gionenlehstititici, Serlee 10 , No. 160 , fables 71 ind
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|r|}{Interval stine furt Dentici Visce,} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{School-teni childrat} \\
\hline Interyal & 1978-79 & 1981 & 1983* \\
\hline Loee than cae yoer One yeer to leat than two yeara & 64.58
14.1 & 64.78
14.5 & 67.08
11.7 \\
\hline two yeers or eore & 20.0 & 19.7 & 19.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
 and Interval since lint Vide Dy latat and Falliy Inoome. 1983

Ioferval_Since Lagt Dental_Vialt
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Number or Dentel Vielte Per Child fier learai985 & Leee Than One Ters & One Year to Leae Then Tyo Terre \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \(11]\) chlldren eged 5-17 & 2.5 & 67.08 & 11.78 & 19.98 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{tres} \\
\hline valte & 2.7 & 69.98 & 11.18 & 17.88 \\
\hline Hlook & 1.2 & 51.2 & 15.2 & 31.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Emily trama} \\
\hline Under \$10,000 & 1.3 & 53.18 & 13.18 & 32.48 \\
\hline \%10,000-819.999 & 1.9 & 56.8 & 15.0 & 27.2 \\
\hline \%20,000-834,999 & 2.9 & 72.8 & 10.9 & 15.7 \\
\hline \$35,000 or more & 3.7 & 84.5 & 7.4 & 7.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
1983 Data for 1977-79 and 1981 ore for oblldren 6-16 yoere or e8e. Dete for 1983 ere for those 5-17 yeare old.

Souroat Metional center for Health statiotice. vontel Yiaits -a Yolume ond Intervat sinee teet Vieiti United statee, 1978 and 1979 , by \(C\). 3. W1cer, lati and Manthanatigion
}
 oonth. sistenn pircent raport cigaratte use and 12 peroant onoe in the pat uas during the mese period. Uat of all three aubatanoes inceremes anarply fromage 12 ta fite 17 . Whila the ievel of aloohol uat by taena has fluetuated aince 197a, oigaitite uas haa tradually deciined, aithough there ia aona indication that the decline in teen anckitog may be levelint off. Marijuase use bsa deciliped froppak lovela roeched In the late 1970s, but hat not
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Atehera} & \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Lercent Reoorting Une of Subitase ioneat Montb} \\
\hline & 1072 & 2981 & 1976 & 1091 & 1979 & 1882 & 188 \\
\hline 411 teens 12-17 yasa & ac & 348 & 328 & 318 & 37. & 278 & 328 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Age:} \\
\hline 12-13 year olda & ne & 198 & 198 & 138 & 208 & 108 & na \\
\hline 14-15 year olda & ne & 32 & 31 & 28 & 36 & 23 & na \\
\hline 15-17 year alda & ro & 51 & 4 & 52 & 55 & 45 & no \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Ser:} \\
\hline K0178 & no & 398 & 368 & 378 & 338 & 278 & \\
\hline Fenslas & ne & 29 & 29 & 25 & 36 & 27 & na \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{cicapester} \\
\hline All taeos 12-17 yeara & ne & 258 & 238 & 228 & ne & 158 & 168 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Age:} \\
\hline 12-13 yeer olda & no & 138 & 118 & 108 & & & \\
\hline 14-15 year alda & ne & 25 & 20 & 22 & ne & \(10^{3}\) & \\
\hline 16-17 year olda & no & 38 & 39 & 35 & ne & 30 & ne \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Serit} \\
\hline Malea & no & 278 & 218 & 238 & no & & \\
\hline Fenalea & no & 24 & 26 & 22 & no & 13 & ni \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Hertiman} \\
\hline Al teene 12-17 yeara & 71 & 128 & 128 & 178 & 175 & 128 & 128 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{AEP} \\
\hline 12-13 year olda & 18 & 28 & 38 & 48 & 48 & 2 & \\
\hline 14-15 year olda & 6 & 12 & 13 & 16 & 17 & 8 & na \\
\hline 16-17 year olda & 16 & 20 & 21 & 30 & 28 & 23 & nis \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Sert} \\
\hline Kalea & 98 & 127 & 148 & 208 & 198 & 138 & na \\
\hline framea & 6 & 11 & 11 & 13 & 14 & 10 & na \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

In 1979, 1982, ind 1985 private pnower aheeta were usad for alochel no - in earilior yeara, rappadenta anewered quatione aloud.
no - Data not conparabia beceuee definitions differ.
- Deta nat クet avalable.

Wote: pata are baced on bousehold interviewa of asapla of the population 12
Soupoe: Metional Centar for Health Statiation, Henlith Unitac station 1985 ,
Table 35 ; Mational Iatitute on Dr uf iouse, Dueritimeof the 190 S

23. Alcehol and Drue Use Arone hish School Seniors. Two thirds or all high school seniors report drinking alcohol end a quarter report using earijuanz in the past wonth. One in fifteen reports using cocaline. The use of nearly all druss has declined in the last few years froe peak levels reached in thr 1 1970s or early 1980a. The uee of cocaine has continued to rise, however.

Lercent of Hich Schuol Sendors Aeporting llaseof Substance in Preyious 30 Days
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Supatanes & 1975 & 1977 & 1979 & 1981 & 1983 & 1985 \\
\hline Alectrol & 68.28 & 71.28 & 71.88 & 70.78 & 67.78 & 65.98 \\
\hline marijuana & 27.1 & 35.4 & 36.5 & 31.6 & 27.1 & 25.7 \\
\hline Stimulants & 8.5 & 8.8 & 9.9 & 15.8 & 7.8 & 6.8 \\
\hline Cocaine & 1.9 & 2.3 & 5.7 & 5.8 & 4.5 & 6.7 \\
\hline LSD & 2.3 & 2.1 & 2.4 & 2.5 & 2.2 & 1.3 \\
\hline PCP & na & na & 2.4 & 1.4 & 1.3 & 1.6 \\
\hline Heroin & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.2 & 0.1 & 0.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Source: National Institute on Drug abuse, "Highlights from Student Drug Use in Anerica, 1975-1981, by L. Johnston, J. Bachran and P. O'Malley, Table 8; and Johnston, L., J. Bachman, and P. O'halley, Henitoriar ithe Future, University of Michisan Institute for Social Research, annual volumes, 1975-1985.
24. Younc people's Une of Paycholorical_Serylags. In 1981, there vere almost 3.5 billion youns people sed \(3-17\)-- nesily 7 percent of the populetion of those ages a- who hed ever The proportion of youns people who hed received psychological help incressed with probles. frap prepent in young preschool years recedved paychoiog, incip increased with ase, ircwing
 1 srupred resilies. The proportion of sdolescents who had seen psycholosicel counselor or therapist within the last year neerly doubled between the late 1960 's and 1981 with virtuelly ell of the growth vccurfing among teens from singlo-perent favilies or stepfamilies.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Muber and characterdstias of children Axed 3-17 Tho Hive Eyer Seen A Psychologist or Payehiatrist}} \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Hhe Hive Eyer Saen A. Psychologint or Paychiatelisf For An Erocional_Kentel_or Behnvior Problem_ 1981} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Children tho Have Received
Psycholorial Held}} \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l}
- गuber \\
of Chiseith in Popuiatic. cin oogis.
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Nusber } \\
& \text { Cin_cke: }
\end{aligned}
\] & Percent of All Children _In Group & Percent of Children Gho Have Recelyed_Helo \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Child and fantly} \\
\hline All chlldren aged 3-17 & 52,653 & 3,475 & 78 & 1008 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Are of child} \\
\hline 3-5" & 10,378 & 208 & 28 & 68 \\
\hline 6-8 & 8,883 & 452 & 5 & 13 \\
\hline 9-11 & 10,804 & 834 & 8 & 24 \\
\hline 12-14 & 11,141 & 973 & 9 & 28 \\
\hline 15-17 & 11,447 & 1,008 & 9 & 29 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Sex or child} \\
\hline Male & 26,985 & 2,189 & 88 & 638 \\
\hline Feasle & 25,668 & 1,286 & 5 & 37 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Race/Ethoicity} \\
\hline White & 39.095 & 2,710 & 7\% & 788 \\
\hline Blaok & 7.608 & 452 & 6 & 13 \\
\hline Hispenic & 4,570 & 278 & 6 & 8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{child litues uith:} \\
\hline Both blologicel parents & 34,535 & 1,355 & 45 & 398 \\
\hline Mother only & 9.709 & 1,042 & 11 & 30 \\
\hline Mother and Stepfather & 4,270 & 499 & 12 & 14 \\
\hline Father and Stepeother & 974 & 142 & 15 & 4 \\
\hline Fether only & 885 & 101 & 11 & 3 \\
\hline Nelthar blological perent & 2,275 & 356 & 16 & 10 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Includes 6 year-olds who had not yet started regular school.
24. Iount People's Use of paychological Seryices (continued).
Percentrite or Adolescents Ased 12-17 Who Hagn_Eyer
Seen a Psyeholopist or Parchiatidst Cor An Emotional.
Hentpl. or Behaylor Problem. \(1966=70\). Yersus 1281 .

\section*{Type of Fanily and When, If Ever, Adolescent Received} Eaycholorical Helo
\begin{tabular}{ccc}
\multicolumn{2}{c}{ Year } & \\
\(1966-70\) & 1981 & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Percent \\
Change
\end{tabular} \\
& & \\
6.18 & 8.88 & +448 \\
2.0 & 3.8 & +90 \\
4.1 & 5.0 & \\
\(\frac{93.9}{100.08}\) & \(\frac{9182}{10 C .08}\) &
\end{tabular}

Adolescents in Mother-Father ramilies Ever received psychological help -Mithin last yed


Adolescents in Mother-Only fanilies
Ever received psychological help
-Within last year
- More than year ago

Never received psychological help


Adolescents in Mother-Stepfather ramilies
Ever received psychological help
Mithin dest year
-Hore than year ago
Never received psychological help
\begin{tabular}{ccc}
7.18 & 14.38 & +1018 \\
2.3 & 5.7 & +148 \\
4.8 & 8.6 & \\
\(\frac{92.9}{100.08}\) & 100.7 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Source: Analysis by Child Trends, Inc. or public use data frow the Child Health Supplement to the 1981 Hational Heal th Interview Survey and Cycle III of the Health Examination Survey, 1966-70. Data collected by the Mational Center for Health Statistics, Divisions of Health Interview Statistics and Headth Examination Statistics.

\section*{72}
 percent of chilerea in two-jerent fallies had bealth insurance coverset only toeut two-thirds of those in aingle-parant frailies bad coverage. Childres living with divorced mothera were leat likely to have coverage than others were twice to lixely to be covered oy hedicaid as of meversarried divorced mothers. Thirtean percent of all children, ind nearly half of those af failites below the poyerty line, ware covered by the kedicild program, but 28 of all children ining in falilies below the poverty level had no
nsurance of any kind.


Poverty status of fanily: poyerty to 1,95 porncty leval
cher, nom-Hispabic
78
69

Medicald tepith inauranoe is for the soat part E categorical progran
With complex elifibility rusea which valy by state. Ia sbout one-half of Ststes, coverage is ertended to the aedicelly peedy -- Dersoas who eert ataforical thef sta, or disability oriterie, the whose money incchen and seat medical care zosts. Madiolily needy diligility standarda in suoh atatea
 and assers. In addition, hadiosid eooveragie nciudes ail parsons enrolied is
 cedicel oills which werepaid for by Hedicald) at enr tiee during 1984, In oere pald for by Medicald.
Source: Analysis by Child Tranda, Ino. of public cae date from the Cenatis uresu's Karch 1985 Current Populatios Survey. Tabulations of publio use deta propered by Technical Support staff, offlce of the asisiatent Huan Sorvioes.

M 7
1. Gonls of coulege Freshmen. When collese freshmen are asked to rate the importance to thea personally of various life objectives, just over 70 percent rate it messential" or very important" that they becose "an percent rate it essential or very important that they oecone "an authority in ay field and be very weld off financialy tion who deem it important to be financially successful has risen dration who deen it important to be rinancialiy successicul has risen draEatically since the late 1960s. This is now the most popular goal asil male freshmen and ia endorsed by two-thirds of remale ireshmen as well. by contrast, the sod of develuping a ceaningrul phil osophy or between 1968 and 1985. Freshmen of both sezes endorse career-oriented goals eore strongly today than they did in the recent past, but changes along these lines have been more striking among females. on the cthe hand, sixable majorities or both sexes continue to ronsider it "very important or "essential" to raise family and help others who are in difficulty.

Percent of college Ereshmen .in Rate Selectied life Objectiyes is "Esisential" or EYery imoortint:

Oblestives
\(15681970 \quad 1975 \quad 1980\)
secoming an authority
in ay field
\begin{tabular}{llllll} 
Total & 588 & 678 & 708 & 738 & 718 \\
Males & 61 & 72 & 73 & 75 & 73 \\
Friales & 55 & 61 & 66 & 72 & 69
\end{tabular}

Being ve, -eal off
financia,
aising a ranily

Helping others in dificiculty
\begin{tabular}{llllll} 
Total & als & 398 & 508 & 638 & 718 \\
Males & 51 & 48 & 58 & 69 & 75 \\
Females & 27 & 28 & 40 & 58 & 67 \\
& & & & & \\
& & & & & \\
Total & na & 688 & 578 & 638 & 708 \\
Males & na & 64 & 56 & 63 & 69 \\
Females & na & 72 & 57 & 64 & 70 \\
& & & & & \\
& & & & & \\
& & & & \\
Total & 598 & 658 & 668 & 658 & 638 \\
Males & 50 & 57 & 58 & 56 & 55 \\
Females & 71 & 74 & 74 & 73 & 71
\end{tabular}
- continued-
1. Goals of College Freshmen continued).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Oblectives & & 1968 & 1970 & 1975 & 1980 & 1985 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{obtaining recognition from colleagues/peers} \\
\hline & Total
Hales & 378 & 408
45
3 & 438 & 548
56 & \(55 \%\)
57 \\
\hline & Fenales & 32 & 33 & 39 & 53 & 54 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Being successful in a busineas of ay oun} \\
\hline & Total & 458 & 488 & 448 & 498 & 523 \\
\hline & Males & 55 & 54 & 53 & 55 & 56 \\
\hline & Fexales & 32 & 32 & 33 & 44 & 48 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Developing a meaningrul phll, 3ophy of life} \\
\hline & Total & 838 & 765 & 648 & 508 & 438 \\
\hline & Majes & 79
87 & 73 & 61
68 & 49 & 44 \\
\hline & Fesales & & 79 & 68 & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Maving adainiatrative responsibllity} \\
\hline & Total & 238 & 228 & 318 & 398 & 438 \\
\hline & Males & 28 & 27 & 34 & 41 & 45 \\
\hline & Fenales & 16 & 15 & 27 & 37 & 41 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Source: Irend Enslyals by Chlld Trende, Inc., of data from the annual survey of entering college freahmen conduotid jointly by the University of Celifornia at Los Angalas and the Amerlcan Council on Education. Sea:

 Education Reatarch Institute, Graduete School of Educat ion, UCLA; and earlier volumes in series.
2. Roas Hisu Schaol plans of Hiah School Seniars. Mearly swo out of tree high sohool seniors plisn to earn acollese dezree, and gore than one in three plans to attend sraduate or professional school. The plans of pales shd fee in the Areed Forces. plans to attend suocational or technical achool, serve in the Arged forces, or to sraduate from \(\mathrm{s} 2-\mathrm{year}\) coljege prosram have not shown auch change aince 1975, while plans for gradustion from years of college and ttendance at espduste or profesifonal sehool show earked increases particulerly among feale sentors.

> Eost Hich School Plang of

\section*{Eecaent of Hien School Sendors Yho Say They
efrobably or Definitely yill Do Each Thins}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Future Activities or Aeconolishernts} & & & & & \\
\hline & 1976 & 1978 & 1980 & 1983 & 1985 \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Attend a technicel or yocstional school} \\
\hline Total & 26.88 & 28.28 & 26.98 & 28.75 & 26.28 \\
\hline Males & 28.7 & 30.9 & 29.1 & 30.9 & 23.1 \\
\hline Fenalea & 24.6 & 25.4 & 24.5 & 26.3 & 2. 1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Graduate from 2-year college prograe} \\
\hline Tots] & 31.68 & 31.08 & 32.38 & 36.75 & 33.78 \\
\hline Males & 29.6 & 27.7 & 28.8 & 32.9 & 30.5 \\
\hline Fenale: & 33.2 & 3.9 & 35.2 & 40.3 & 36.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Graduate from college (t-year progrsin)} \\
\hline Totel & 50.58 & 51.38 & 56.98 & 58.08 & 62.18 \\
\hline Males & 52.5 & 53.1 & 59.1 & 58.4 & 61.4 \\
\hline Fensles & 48.4 & 49.9 & 54.9 & 58.0 & 63.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Attend graduate or profesaional school} \\
\hline Totsl & 28.68 & 30.08 & 34.18 & 34.13 & 38.08 \\
\hline Males & 30.0 & 3: 3.3 & 36.3 & 33.3 & 35.8 \\
\hline Frales & 27.2 & 29.1 & 32.1 & 35.2 & 40.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Serve in Araed Forces} \\
\hline Total & 14.58 & 12.08 & 13.18 & 17.78 & 16.18 \\
\hline Males & 22.0 & 18.7 & 21.0 & 27.2 & 25.3 \\
\hline Fonsles & 7.0 & 5.5 & 5.4 & 8.3 & 7.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Scurce: Trand snolysis by Chidd Trends, Inc., of data from Fhonitorint the Future, an annusl survey of hish school seniors conducted by the the Nstional Institute of Drus Abuse and other agenoies. Sees Johnston, L.D. ', Bachasn, J. Ga, ond o'kaldey, P.' Kanitorine the Eutuce, nnt '1975-65, Ann AFbor, Michigen: Institute for social
Researoh. Tif University of michigen.

\section*{ nifh aohool eeniora rapo. . that they watab televialon "el moat avary day."} Juat over half gey they read books, eagazinea, or newapapars on dality bait. Wheraas the proportion who raport dally Tr watohing bas renalined talely conatant ainoe 1971, the proportion who raed evary day haz dropped by 11 eroantye pointa. The proportion who report doing crative writing on lever leval: about 6 peroent of all aeniora.

Dally activity pattoras atill thow autstantisl eex diffarances, with mora foasles reporting dally housevork, retding, writing musio-ankins, and tine participation, gethe other hana, mort mather with friende inforamily, ond ridins around in - oar just for fun.

\section*{Recant of Hish Schopl Sentors Who Report They Do Selacted Activititel Mrost Eyery Day"}
\begin{tabular}{llllllll} 
Aetiyity & & 1977 & 1979 & 1981 & 1982 & 1981 & 1985 \\
Yateh TV & & & & & & & \\
& Total & 738 & 718 & 725 & 758 & 738 & 728 \\
& Malez & 74 & 72 & 75 & 77 & 76 & 74 \\
& Fomale & 72 & 69 & 69 & 73 & 69 & 69
\end{tabular}


Get tozethar with
frionds, informally
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Total & 518 & 528 & 498 & 478 & 8 & \\
\hline Males & 56 & 57
45 & 54 & 50 & 51 & \\
\hline Females & 47 & 4 & 4 & 44 & 43 & 3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Activoly papticipate
\[
\begin{array}{lllllll}
\text { exoarcise } & & & & & & \\
\text { Iotal } & 458 & 478 & 488 & 468 & 448 & 438 \\
\text { Males } & 54 & 56 & 56 & 56 & 54 & 53 \\
\text { Feasiea } & 37 & 39 & 39 & 36 & 33 & 34
\end{array}
\]
spend at least an hour of lelsure tine alone
\begin{tabular}{lllllll} 
Total & 438 & 428 & 448 & 448 & 448 & 428 \\
Hal 14 & 42 & 40 & 42 & 44 & 42 & 40
\end{tabular}

York around the house,
yard, garden, car, to.
\[
\begin{array}{lllllll}
\text { Totel } & 433 & 408 & 4 u s & 428 & 418 & 358 \\
\text { Kaleal } & 34 & 33 & 32 & 34 & 35 & 28 \\
\text { Fesalea } & 51 & 40 & 48 & 50 & 47 & 42
\end{array}
\]
3. Daily Actirity Patigent of High School Seniors. (oontinued).

> Cerent of then Schoo _semors tho keoort They
> oo selegted ictivieis matmase Eyery bay
> (continued)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Aetivity & 1977 & 1978 & 1981 & 1083 & 1984 & 1985 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Ride around in 2 car (or eotoreycle) just for fun} \\
\hline Totel & 388 & 378 & 324 & 348 & 348 & 358 \\
\hline Males & 43 & 49 & 36 & 38 & 40 & 39 \\
\hline Funsles & 32 & 30 & 27 & 30 & 27 & 31 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Pley e euaicel} \\
\hline inatrument or aint & & & & & & \\
\hline Total & 318 & 328 & 318 & 288 & 308 & 298 \\
\hline Males & 25 & 24 & 27 & 24 & 24 & 24 \\
\hline Fanalas & 37 & 10 & 34 & 33 & 37 & 35 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Do ert or oraft werk} \\
\hline Total & \(15 \%\) & 138 & 148 & 128 & 128 & 118 \\
\hline Malea & 14 & 12 & 13 & 13 & 14 & 12 \\
\hline Fonsles & 17 & 15 & 15 & 10 & 10 & 10 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Do oreetive writing} \\
\hline Total & 58 & 68 & 68 & 58 & 68 & 68 \\
\hline Males & 3 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 6 & 4 \\
\hline Feneles & 6 & 6 & 7 & 6 & 6 & 7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Source: Trend enelyeis by Child Tronds, Inc., of dete from Monitoring the Future," an annuel survey of hish echool seniors conducted by the Institute for Sopiel Reaearch, Univeraity or Michigen end aponsorat by the wationel Inatitute of Drus Abuae end other egencies. See: Johnocong L. D. Bachmen,
 sichisan: Institute for Social Research, The University of Kichigan.

5. Irande in Premanay bates, The proportion of U.S. teens beconing pregnent hea risen over the past decede and helr, larsely because the proportion or sexuelly experienced teens has been incrassing. Considering only fomelas who ere sexuelly experianced, the proportion who have become presnent asams to heve decifined somewhat. The proportion heving birth het decilined eubsentially eech yeer, raflecting lower presnency rates ard incresed -bortion retes.

Amont ell fetelea 15-19, the peroent each yeari
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1970 & 1975 & 1980 & 1984 \\
\hline Becomint prountnt: & 98 & 108 & 115 & 118 \\
\hline Heving legml ebortion: & 18 & 38 & 48 & 48 \\
\hline Heving birth: & 78 & 68 & 58 & \(5 \%\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Among famses \(15-19\) who heve ever hed tex, the parcant eech year:
\begin{tabular}{lrrrr} 
& 1970 & 1975 & 1980 & 198䘏 \\
Beconing pregnsent: & 268 & 258 & 258 & 238 \\
Heving iegel ebortion: & 28 & 88 & 98 & 98 \\
Heving birth: & 208 & 148 & 128 & 118
\end{tabular}

Source: Celouletione by Sendre Hofferth, Center for Population keseerch, Metionel Inditut for Child Heelth end Humen Development, Netionel Institutes of Hesith.
6. Aes at Firat Marciake. In the last decade and a half, there has been o marked trend toward marriage at later ages agong both young woen and young men.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Percentage of Women Yho lce siofle} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Percentage of Men Ho Are Slncle} \\
\hline Ase & 1970 & 1280 & 1984 & 1986 & 1970 & 1980 & 2984 & 1986 \\
\hline 18 & 828 & 888 & 918 & 998 & 958 & 978 & 988 & 988 \\
\hline 19 & 69 & 78 & 83 & 85 & 90 & 91 & 95 & 95 \\
\hline 20 & 57 & 67 & 74 & 79 & 78 & 86 & 90 & 92 \\
\hline 21 & 4 & 60 & 8 & 68 & 66 & 71 & 83 & 83 \\
\hline 25 & 14 & 28 & 34 & 34 & 27 & 43 & 52 & 54 \\
\hline 29 & 8 & 15 & 20 & 24 & 18 & 24 & 26 & 31 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Wote: ds used here, asingle means never-garriad.

Source:
U.S. Buresu or the Cenaus, Curcent Population Reporks, Series
 march 198j, table B, and earlier reports; and unpublished data from the Current Population Survey, U.s. Burtau of the cenfus.

81
7. Jaxantec Dirths, Althouth the proportion of oirths unvanted at conceptior ceclined between 1970 and 1902, black mothera recilned core likely then wilte cothera to report that their birthavere the result of unvanted piesninciea. he proportion of birtha reauling rom unwanted presnanciea ia esientiainy Unchansed anons oothgras with fever then twilve veara of hish school and is

Sfac of Mositer
Eaysation or mather
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1076 & 1982 & & 1076 & 1082 \\
\hline Total & 12.08 & 16.58 & Leas than 12 yeara & 36.18 & 16.58 \\
\hline Ynite & 9.5 & 8.0 & Twelve Yeara & 11.2 & 9.7 \\
\hline Alack & 25.8 & 23.7 & More tion le Yeara & 7.4 & 6.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mote: In the kational Survey of fatily Growin a presnancy is defined as Unvanted if the wowan reports atis did nos, want or probabiy ots not Wavanted it the woman reports ahis old not want or probsbiy oid not becomins oregnast.

Source: Mational Center for Heal th etatistica, payance Datin. No. 58. January 24, 1980, "Yanted and Unwintec Eirtha keported oy Mother 15-14 leara of Age: [nited States, 1978 ," by E. Cokard and
Fortility palterns: The kwater, Timins ind Uante Inesa of Births,
 23. Data from the kistional Surity of fanily Growth.
 divern 1970 and 1977. particularly esong oider Riaci mo ters. getvesn 1977 and 198t. however, birtha becana sonewhat wore closely apacec in all rice and age catecoriat. Youns mothera continut to have mot closely apaced births than older mothers.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Lesent} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{zinleat} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{21acks} \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline desh & 1970 & 1811 & 1084 & 1070 & 1977 & 1084 \\
\hline Less then 20 & 21 mentha & 23 month 3 & 22 montha & 21 conths & if conths & 23 montss \\
\hline 20-24 & 30 & 33 & 31 & 29 & 36 & 33 \\
\hline \(25-29\) & 40 & 4 & 10 & 42 & 52 & 4s \\
\hline 30-34 & 54 & 56 & 47 & 53 & 66 & 65 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Xote: Data vere reported by 37 atatea in 1970. by 43 atates and the District on Columbia in ig77. and by tg atates ind the District or Colubit in igon. provious ilve birth.

Seurea: Mational Center for health statifites, Interval betwen birtha:



9. Abortion. The abortion rate (abortions per 1,000 women aged 15-44), and the abortion retio (abortions per 1,000 live sirths plus abortions) incraased catil 0unger ounger women. Aite

Nbortion: Numbera (in thousanda), Rates, and Ratios
\(1973 \quad 1574 \quad 1975 \quad 1976 \quad 1977 \quad 1978 \quad 1979 \quad 1980 \quad 1981 \quad 1982 \quad 1983 \quad 1996\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Number of Abortions & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline per Year (in thouands) & 745 & 899 & 1,034 & 1,179 & 1,317 & 1,410 & 8 & & 7 & & 1 & \\
\hline Abortion Rates & 16 & 19 & 22 & 24 & 26 & 28 & 29 & 29 & 29 & 29 & 29 & 28 \\
\hline Abortion Ratios & 193 & 220 & 249 & 265 & 286 & 294 & 297 & 300 & 301 & 300 & 304 & 297 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Souzce: Henshaw, Standey, Jacqueline Forrest and Elien Blaine, - Abortion Services In the United States, 1981 and :982, "Pamily Plannling Porspactives, 16 (3) (May/Jure 198.s), Tabie 1, p. 120 ; Henshaw, Stanloy, Ciaractarlistics of .S. Women Having גbortions, 1982-1983," Pamily Planning Perspectives, 19 (1) (January/Zobruary 1987), Table 1 ; and Iorthcoming data previñ by
the Alan Gutemacher Institute.

83
10. Emily golez, A mejority of male hith school seniors beliede aprechool child euffera if the mother it enployed. However, the proportions of both cele and fenale teniort holding thit view have daclined since the mid-1970. While both sexas eupport equal pay for equal work, sirle feel more atronsly hale eniora era more likely then remele enniors to lew the man's role as canterat around the home.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Rercentace of Hish Sohool Seniors Aeresing IIth Selected Stiterents. 1975-1985} \\
\hline & 1975 & 1977 & 1980 & 1983 & 1985 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Mele \\
Fenel.
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 758 \\
& 59
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 718 \\
& 53
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 638 \\
& 45
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 618 \\
& 40
\end{aligned}
\] & 618
38 \\
\hline Hela Fenale & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 868 \\
& 97
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 924 \\
& 98
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 908 \\
& 99
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 908 \\
& 98
\end{aligned}
\] & 898
98 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Mole \\
Fanale
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 558 \\
& 36
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 648 \\
& 43
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 598 \\
& 36
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 508 \\
& 2 i
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 488 \\
& 26
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
-A preachool child it She mother worke

Ken and women ahould be paid the sase onay if they to money if they

Source: Trend anelysia by Child Trande, Inc., of dete from mondtoring the uture, en ennual urver of hish school seniors concucted by the Institute for sociel Restarch, Univereity of hichigen end sponsored by the Netional Inteitute of Drug Abute ond other egencies. See: Johnston, L.D., Bechaten, J.G., ind orselley, P., Monitorlne the cuture, ennuse 1975-85, Ann Arbor, Hichigen: institute for Socied keeerch, The University of Michisen.
11. Yational Problens That Yorry Youth. When sked how of ten they worry sbout esh of the nationel problenelioted below. U.S. high achool seniors are sost opt to report worry obout crime ond violence ond dris sbuse. Concern abo st crise hae been on the decline, however. Concern about nuclear war has 1 ncreased aince the sid-19700, but oppears to have reached plateau. There has been resurience of concern about hunser ind poverty in recent years, whereas worry about pollution. pop

\(1075 \quad 1977 \quad 1979 \quad 1981 \quad 1983 \quad 1985\)
\begin{tabular}{lcccccc} 
Crime and violence & 548 & 538 & 458 & 538 & 458 & 408 \\
Drug abuac & 31 & 31 & 31 & 33 & 32 & 33 \\
Hunger and porerty & 27 & 20 & 16 & 21 & 21 & 28 \\
Chance of nuclear war & 8 & 15 & 20 & 24 & 26 & 25 \\
Economio problens & 32 & 21 & 24 & 32 & 31 & 19 \\
Rece ralations & 19 & 21 & 17 & 19 & 17 & 16 \\
Pollution & 37 & 35 & 27 & 23 & 16 & 13 \\
Lose of open land & 19 & 17 & 15 & 13 & 12 & 11 \\
Energy ohortagea & 36 & 10 & 16 & 36 & 13 & 7 \\
Population growth & 20 & 16 & 12 & 10 & 7 & 6
\end{tabular}

Souroe: Irend enelyale by Child Trende, Inc. of dele from Monltorlng the uture, in onnual ourvey of hith oohool seniors conduoted by the Inetitute for Sooisl teaesch. Univeraity of Michigan and sponaoreo by the Mational Inatitute of Drus douee ond other sennoies. see: Johnaton, L.D.' Eaohmen. J.G.e and op Molley, P. Mondioring the Eytyre, onnual' \(1975-85\), Ann Arbor, Michigen: Institute for sociel

12. Athituden Tougrd miletary Saryice in the Eyant_of Yar. A aejority of asle bith echool sentore sey thet, if they felt it were neceeas for the U.3. to fieht in come future wer, they' would volunteo- for mili iry earvice. Howevar, neerly e third cey they would not volunteer, end 1 : peroent of aele etudents say thet, in their oplaion, there ie no such thing as enecessery" wer. The proportion of sales willing to volunteer is up aherply in recent yeere. Fanele atudents are auch less likely to zey they would volunteer, yet the proportion who vould volunteer rose unt11 1984, while the proportion seyins there is no auch thing as e necessery wer hes remeinec atable.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{It the Eyant of elyecesinity Har} \\
\hline & 1976 & 1978 & 1980 & 1982 & 1984 & 1985 \\
\hline Kales & & & & & & \\
\hline Yould volunteer & 438 & 428 & 878 & 528 & 558 & 568 \\
\hline Yould not volunteer & 39 & 40 & 37 & 30 & 29 & 29 \\
\hline Xo such thing as necessery wer & 18 & 18 & 16 & 18 & 16 & 15 \\
\hline Foscelee & & & & & & \\
\hline Yould volunteer & 188 & 138 & 223 & 248 & 248 & 229 \\
\hline Yould not voluntecr & 52 & 53 & 55 & 57 & 49 & 50 \\
\hline No such thine es neceesary mer & 30 & 29 & 22 & 29 & 27 & 28 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Source: Trend enelyaie by Child Trands, Inc., of dats froe ENonitorine the Futura, an annual aurvey of hish school sentora conducted by the Institute for Social hesaerch, University of Michigen and aponeored by the ketionel Institute of Drus hbuse and other egenelez. Euturs, innuel ig75-A5, Ann irbor, Michiseni institute for Social Reseerch, The University or kichizen.
13. Rellefoun tayolyenent of yich school sentocs. The proportion of high school seniors who attend religlous servicea once a week or more declined frm 33 percent in 1980 to 35 percent in 1985. hearly half of the 1985 seniors sald they rarely or never attended church. The propertion who describe relifion as being very iaportant in their lives has also declined since 1980, tut not aa sharply. Few changea in denominational preference heve oceurred since 1976. Saptists and Roan catholica rerain the lariest denozinutions.


Frequency of Church Attendance
Weekly
1-2 Jizes a morith
Mever

Inportance of leligi ain
oun life
\(\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Very iaportant } & 28.88 & 27.88 & 32.58 & 28.38 & 27.38 \\ \text { Pretty iaportant } & 30.5 & 33.0 & 32.6 & 34.2 & 32.4 \\ \text { ilittle } & 27.8 & 27.9 & 25.3 & 26.9 & 27.6\end{array}\)
Mot ieportant
\(1976 \quad 1978 \quad 1980 \quad 1983 \quad\) :985
hat is your religious
prererence?
Baptist
Churches of Christ
Disciples or Chriat
Epiacopal
Methodist
Presbyterian
United Church of Christ
Other Proteaíant
Unitarian
zomen Cathol is
Eaatera Orthodox
Jewish
Latter Day Sainte
Other religion
Mone
\begin{tabular}{lllll}
40.78 & 39.48 & 43.18 & 39.18 & 35.38 \\
16.3 & 17.2 & 16.3 & 17.0 & 16.6 \\
32.0 & 38.4 & 32.00 & 34.6 & 37.0 \\
11.0 & 9.0 & 8.6 & 9.3 & 11.1
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{ccccc}
21.98 & 22.28 & 19.78 & 21.88 & 21.88 \\
4.6 & 5.4 & 5.1 & 5.6 & 6.0 \\
0.5 & 0.4 & 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.5 \\
1.8 & 2.1 & 1.8 & 1.5 & 1.7 \\
7.0 & 7.2 & 6.2 & 6.2 & 5.1 \\
8.6 & 9.0 & 7.6 & 7.4 & 7.9 \\
3.5 & 3.8 & 4.4 & 3.8 & 3.4 \\
1.5 & 0.9 & 1.0 & 0.8 & 0.8 \\
5.0 & 3.7 & 5.0 & 3.9 & 1.4 \\
0.3 & 0.1 & 0.2 & 0.1 & 0.2 \\
25.6 & 28.1 & 32.3 & 30.2 & 28.5 \\
0.3 & 0.3 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.3 \\
1.6 & 1.7 & 1.3 & 1.2 & 1.2 \\
\(n\). & \(n 3\) & \(n 3\) & 1.8 & 1.7 \\
6.5 & 5.4 & 5.6 & 5.6 & 5.2 \\
11.4 & 9.7 & 8.9 & 9.3 & 11.5
\end{tabular}

Source: Trend enelysia by Child Trenda, Inc. of data from Monitoring the Future, " a annual survey of hich achool eeniors conducted by the Institute for Sociol hesearch, Univeraity of Michigan and aponsored by the Mational Institute of Drus Abuse and other asencies. Sez:
 Eutura, nnual' \(1975-85\), Ann AFbor, Kic

E"
1. Juyanile Arpast_Rates. In 1985, there were approximately 102 arrests of wenagers aged 13-17 for every 1,000 teens in that age range. The juvenide arrest rate ror FBI property index crimes, such as arson, auto thert, and burtlary, was about 32 per thousand; and the rate for FBI violent index criaes, such as ageravated assault, robbery, and rape, about a per thousand. Between 1965 and 1975 , the total teen arrest rate increased by 41 percent, hile the arrest rate for violent crimes more than doubled. Since 1975, teen arrest rates have remained stable or declined siightiy.

Number of Arrests of Teens Aged 13-17 Per 1,000 Teens_in thempopplation
\(1965 \quad 1970 \quad 1975 \quad 1980 \quad 1985 \quad 1985\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Total Arrests & 73.5 & 974 & 103.9 & 101.0 & 7.8 & 101.8 \\
\hline Total Index Crime Arrests* & 26.9 & 33.2 & 40.0 & 38.2 & 34.7 & 36.4 \\
\hline Property Index Crize Arrestse & 24.8 & 29.9 & 35.5 & 33.7 & 30.4 & 32.1 \\
\hline Viosent Index Criwe Arrests* & 2.1 & 3.3 & 4.4 & 4.5 & 4.2 & 4.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Crimes covered in the FBI Property Crime Index include arson, aut cher, burglary, and larceny. Crimes covered in the FBI Violent Crime Index include ageravated assiult, murder, repe, robbery, and non-negligent manslaughter. The total Crime Index covers both types of erimes.

Yote: Arrest trendsare an isperfect 2 cator of underlyang trends in juvenile criwe rates. The likel sod that a crime will result in recorded arrest depends on a number of factors, suct, as the propensity c: victims to report erimes to the police, the police departifi, t's routine procedures for dealing with juvenile suspects, etc. Cnanges in these factors over time could distort the relationship between the number of arrests and the number of crimes cominitted. However, estiantes of the volume of juvenile crime developed from National 6 se Survey victimization report data are compatible with the arrest ends presented above.

Source: Cook, P., and J. Laub, The (Surprising) Stability of Youth Crize Rates," lournal of Ouantllative Grimioolozy, Vol. 2, Ho. 3, pp. 265-277, 1986; and unpublished data supplied by the same authors. Arrest statistics compiled by the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, Federaj Bureau of Investigation, and adjusted for , spulation coverage of reportint urits.
5. Juyeniles in_custedr. The juvenile population in custody in public correctional facilities in ig85 was 49,322 , representing 3 percent increase from 1979. These juveniles were predominantly male and four-fifths were 14 to 17 years old. Black youth were overrepresented, making up 37 percent of the juveniles in custody. Mearly three-fourths of tnose held in putile facilities were coanitted (adjudicated for an offense or for treatment), is opposed to beling detained or voluntarily comaitted.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{1979} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{1983} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{1985} \\
\hline & Humber & Rate* & Humber & Rats" & number & Rate** \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total} & 47,80\% & 167 & 48,701 & 176 & 49,322 & 185 \\
\hline & & & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Percent instribution} & Percent Distribution \\
\hline Kole & & & 42,182 & 878 & 42,549 & 868 \\
\hline Fegale & & & 6,519 & 13 & 6,773 & 14 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Racesfi} \\
\hline White & & & 27,805 & 578 & 29,969 & 613 \\
\hline Black & & & 18,020 & 37 & 16,269 & 37 \\
\hline Other & & & 1,104 & 2 & 1,084 & 2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Ethnie tyout} \\
\hline \[
{ }^{H 1} \text { anif }
\] & & & - 51,727 & \({ }_{85}^{128}\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
6,551 \\
42,771
\end{array}
\] & 8878 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Age on vensus date} \\
\hline 9 years and under & & & & 68 & 60 & \(\bar{\square}\) \\
\hline 10-13 years & & & 3,104 & 68 & 3,181 & 68 \\
\hline 14-17 years & & & 39,571 & 81
10 & 40,640 & 12 \\
\hline 18-20 yeara 21 yearsand over & & & 1,804
86 & 10 & 5,409
32 & 11 \\
\hline Not reported & & & 1,094 & 2 & 0 & - \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{ACjudication status} \\
\hline Detalned & & & 13,156 & 278 & 14,474 & 298 \\
\hline Comitted & & & 35.178 & 72 & 34,549 & 70 \\
\hline Volunterily adeitted & & & 367 & 1 & 299 & 1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
© Juvenilea in the population are peraons 10 yeare old . rough the atatute-definec aaziaun age erbject to juvenile court uthority in each etate.
}
- Rate is per 100,000 juvenilee in the population.
eathe numbers for 1983 exclude 1,772 caee for whioh race and ethnicity were not reported.
Mote: Data are for February 1 of eech year; wall zero or rounde to zero.
Sourse: Cbildenein Gustody, Bureau of Juetice statietice, U.S. Cepartaent of Juatice, october, 1986 .
16. Labor Force Particination and Unamploynent Mont Tespagers. About 38 percent of \(16-17\) year olds enrollad in achool were in the labor force in 1985 , and 20 percent or these vert unanployed. The rate of labor force parich in achoce rons thos who ara anciled white your spenish origin are internediote. Lebor force participation rates percent to at percent for those who are anrollad, and from 71 percent to 82 percent for those not paralie only mone aontrast, rates of unapleyment, have about doubled for nearly every population subgroup. the rates rose from about 10 percent to approximately 20 percent for those anrolled in school, and fron sbout 18 peroent to nearly to percant for those not enrolled.

Labor Force Participation Rates and Uncmployanit Rates Amont 16-17 Year 0lds, October 1980 to October 1985 , by School Encollment_Statis. Sex apc_Race_or Oricio
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Labor Eorce Pirticips*ion_Bate (0)} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Unemployment_Rate_(b)} \\
\hline & 1960 & 1965 & 1970 & 1975 & 1980 & 1985 & 1968 & 1965 & 1970 & 1975 & 1980 & 1985 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
ENROLLED \\
A) Ethnic Groupe
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Kalaa & 34.0
22.6 & 37.2
26.0 & 38.9
33.5 & 41.7
38.9 & 4.1
40.9 & 38.0
38.8 & 11.0
9.5 & 12.2
8.6 & 16.5
15.9 & 17.4
19.2 & 19.8
16.9 & 20.8
19.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{White 30.0} \\
\hline Malos & กล & 38.0
27.2 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 41.1 \\
& 35.5
\end{aligned}
\] & 46.0 & 47.5
48.1 & 41.7
42.2 & ne & 11.4
7.2 & 15.1
14.8 & 16.9
17.9 & 17.4
15.3 & 18.7
15.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Nolse & na & 31.1 & 23.9 & 16.9 & 25.8 & 22.7 & \(n{ }^{\text {n }}\) & 19.1 & 33.3 & 25.1 & 42.9 & 41.3 \\
\hline Fentele & no & 17.4 & 20.4 & 20.8 & 17.5 & 23.9 & ne & -- & 28.4 & 32.4 & 39.4 & 50.9 \\
\hline Sponish Orisin Nales & n* & ns & ne & 30.3 & 31.2 & na & ne & r. & no & -- & -" & ne \\
\hline Fenalas & ne & ne & ne & 20.4 & 28.2 & \(n 2\) & na & nt & ne & -- & - & ne \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{NOT ENROLLED} \\
\hline A11 Ethnic Groupa & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Kalag
Feasas & 81.8
50.8 & 81.4 & 75.7
41.1 & 75.6 & 71.4
50.6 & 74.9
49.3 & 18.3
19.5 & 16.4
23.7 & 28.5
29.0 & 35.7
37.6 & 26.9
29.0 & 12.2
31.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{White} \\
\hline Melas & ne & 81.2 & 79.9 & 77.2 & 74.9 & 78.5 & ne & 15.7 & 27.5 & 29.7 & 26.2 & 39.9 \\
\hline Fonalas & ns & 4 H .3 & 43.5 & 47.6 & 56.0 & 51.3 & ne & 21.5 & 26.1 & 31.1 & 25.5 & 27.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Kots: (a) The labor foroa partioipation rate is the ratio of the numar in tha labor foron to the oivilitn non-inatitutional pepuletion in eson pofulation sroup.
(b) oivilitn non-inatitutional pepuletion in oron pofioyent rate is the proportion of the lobor foros that is without job.
(b) The vnexployment rate
(-) Populetion bese too
11 ror raliable astiaate. The population beae is too anall to atigatse from the sample for blaok and Spenioh oricin eroupe that are nut anrolled in eohool. unpublishad deta for 1985 from the U.S. Departmant of Labor.

\section*{selected governhent prograhs afflctimg childreh}
1. Afd to Familien Hith Dependent Chidoren (AFDSA. The number of facilies in the AFDC protras has been relatively stable since the mid 1970 , rising slightly during the i-:-asion of 1980 the number of children served as dear or mill recipients. Benefits are nci indexed and benefit levels have not kept up with inflation since the wid-1970s.

\section*{Averace Hoothly Reciolents and_Prorram Cost}
umber of children Nubber of families

Chileren per family
1965197019751980 1981 19841985

1980 1981 1989
3.3 mil. 7.0 mil. \(\quad 8.1\) mil. \(\quad 7.6 \mathrm{mil} . \quad 7.1\) mil. \(\quad 7.1\) mil. \(\quad 7.2\) mil. 3.1
\(2.0 \quad 2.0\) 2.0 1.9
1.9

Total payments Current doljars Constant (1985) dodlara

Chidren as a percen-
ata on number of recipients are for Decetaber of each year
Constant dollars calculated on the basis of the Consumer Price Index, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Statistical Abstract of the Inlted Stites, 1986, Table 795, and unpublished data froc the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Source: U.S. Buresu of the Census, Statisticil Abstract of the Jpited States, jog6, Tables 603 and 646, and unpublished data from the Fanily Support Administration, office of Fanily Assistance.

\section*{\& 91}
2. Teanare Mothers and AEDC. Between 1975 and 1984, the numer of AFDC recipients under age 30 who were tanage mothers when thay bore their first child rose by nearly 100,000 . However, th proparkien of recipient mothers under age 30 who were teen wothers did not change over this ine-yarar period. Data for 1975 and 1984 indicate that nearly two-thiris of all
AFDC recipients who wera then under ace 30 were teenagers when their first child was born. Likauise, estiastea of the proportion or recipients of alj ages who wer: teenagerz ahen their irst child was born show little change during this period, since the otal ardi program cost, of teen mothars also rose in absindute terms; however. it declined arter adjusting for inflation.

Total mothers under age 30
receiving AFDC
Mothers under 30 receiving AFDC who were 19 or younger at the birth of thair first child

Proportion of eothers under age 30 receiving AFDC who lecase mothers at age 19 or younger

Proportion or sld recipients Who bacase mothers at age 19 or younger (estianted)
tal AFDC costs expandad on households established by recipients who became others
at age 19 or younger vestimated) \(\$ 4.98\) billion \(\$ 7.85\) billion
Total AFDC costs in 1984 dollars
1.588 mil. \(\quad 1.765 \mathrm{mil}\).
1.024 mil. 1.115 mid.

648
638

1975

Nothar's age at first childbirth is calaulated from the age of oldest child in the issistanon unit. To avold caloulationerrors that would occur as rirst-barn children Iow up and leave their motheris household, analyses were linited to mothers under age 30 at the time data were collaoted. The proportion caloulated to have been teenage mothers is likely to be underestinated because some teanaged mothers are noi designated the caretaker. Cases in which the motheris age wher
 assuming 43 percent or racipients over age 30 were eranagers when their irst child was prozras coata for AFDC in each year

Source: Tabulations by Kristin A. Moore, Child Trenda, Ino., using unpublished data for 1984 from tha Kational Intagrated Quality Controi Systen, provided by Wilbur Keder, Fonily Suppor Adainistration, Orfica of Fasily Assistance, Department of Health and Human Services. Data for 1975 ara froe tha 1975 AFDC Recipient Characteristica survey as reported in
Ann Schairer, Juk International Corporation, MResearch on the Societal Consequences of Adoleacant Childbearing: Public Assistance Costs, 1975 and 1977, "Qua, terly Progress Report to the Canter for Population Research, HICHD, for the 3 -month period ending Dacember 31, 1980 .
3. Averate Konthly AFDC Piyments. Average monthly AFDC payaenta vary widely asong the atatea, tha higheat atate paying more than five tiaes the average of the lowest state. Variationa are due to differencea in average fandiy size, amounts of other cotntable incoae, benefit levila, and other factors determined by the state, the averase payant per recipient in 1982, when corrected
 The aedian benefit for family of four with no other income declined by 36 percent betueen 1970 Ind 1984 .
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{AYerats Montrly AFDC Paysents} \\
\hline & 1865 & 1970 & 1972 & 1980 & 1082 & 1984 \\
\hline Per fandy & \$137 & 8183 & 8219 & \$280 & \$303 & \$332 \\
\hline Highest atote & - & 276 & 325 & 399 & 516 & 5016 \\
\hline Loweat state & - & 47 & 19 & 88 & 89 & 91 \\
\hline Per reciplent & & & & & & \\
\hline Current dollara & + 33 & - 50 & \$ 72 & \$100 & \$106 & \$115 \\
\hline ```
Conatant (1984)
``` & \$109 & \$134 & \$139 & \$126 & \$114 & \$115 \\
\hline Median atate benerit & & & & & & \\
\hline Current djllars & = & \$221 & \$269 & \$350 & \$376 & \$376 \\
\hline Conatant (1984) dollara & - & \$591 & \$509 & \$041 & \$ 805 & \$376 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
Balaka, formerly highest, had Pernanent Fund Dividend Program in effeet at thia tiae and wat repleced by california ta highest.
Note: Data are for Decesber of each year. Constant dollars calculated on the baala or the Conamer Price Indez, \(U\) S. Bureau of the Censua, Statisticen Abstract of the Undted statert i985. Teble 795. The medien atate benefic la for e fanlly of four with no other income.
 stiter 1986, Table 643 for reciolent data; Teble 696 for
atate data and amily datai 1984 atate dete froo ouspterly puble
 House of kepreaentatives, macksround Material and Dets on Programa Within the Juriadiction or the Comittee on Weya and Means, " 1986 edition, Table 12 .
}
4. Hedlesid. The total cost of Kedicaid (in consunt dollers) has Pisen ateadily since 1972. Chiddren continue to account for approximetely helf of all Medicesd recipients, but their proportion of total Madicaic expendituras has fadien conaiderably since the carly 1970 a.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Ex1972 & Ex1973 & E11976 & EY1978 & EY1980 & EY1082 & EY1084 & EY1985 \\
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{```
Total cost: Faderal and
```

    atate vandor payaents} \\
    \hline Current dollars Conatent (1985) \& \$ 6.3 \& 110.0 \& \$14.1 \& \$18.0 \& $\$ 23.3$ \& \$29.4 \& \$33.9 \& \$37.5 <br>
\hline dollars \& \$16.2 \& \$29.0 \& 826.6 \& \$29.7 \& \$30.4 \& \$32.8 \& \$35.1 \& \$ 37.5 <br>
\hline Children as a proportion of racipienta \& 533 \& 518 \& 521 \& 511 \& 501 \& 518 \& $50 \%$ \& 50\% <br>
\hline Proportion of total vandor paymente expendad on chilaran \& 323 \& 211 \& 218 \& 191 \& 161 \& 148 \& 148 \& 148 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mote: Constant dollers salculated on the besio of the consumer Price
 of Leioor Statistics:

Source: hasith Care Finencing administration, "Health Care Financint teviow, quarterly volumes.


 are indesed to isorumen with inflation

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Persors |  |  | $\underline{21975}$ | 2110 | E192 | E19R | E1986 |
| parigeimesinf* | .4.11. | 4.3 . 12. | 17.1 | 21.1 m | 21.7 12. | 19.9 m 11 | 19.4 |

(averagen monthiy
Bemfit Iipenditura













Totol lunckee servec (frop,
reduech-frice or resular
 grice someal luachest

| (In millieas) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14.1 | 13.7 | 22.4 | 24.9 | 26.6 | 22.9 | 23.8 | 23.7 |
| 108 | 108 | 218 | 408 | 458 | 503 | 483 | 49. |

Total Tacural
cost (cast enemeditian)
cometat (194)
dellspa

| 40.23 | 80.40 | 80.57 | \$1.71 | \$3.19 | 12.95 | 43.38 | \$3.55 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. 35 | 81.39 | 81.61 | 63.48 | \$1.24 | 83.35 | 83.45 | 13.55 |

Prask moth gaeto ubed in isso and 1965.
Note: Conatant dollere eploulated on the thale of the consuagr Prioe Index, U.S. surasu of the


Sourse: U.S. Departient of Asrieulture, unpublithed cose.
95

 YIC (thic special supplementel ferding prosem for yomen, Infenti, end Chilarent. The foderal appropristion for FT 1980 ant $\$ 1.59$ oillion.

xpenditure

Conatent (1986) 181 mit. $\$ 964$ mit. $\$ 1.08$ b11. $\$ 1.52011 .31 .59011$,
Mota: The yic progras provices suppioments co dow incoer infonte, young chiddron, ond pregnant and Buraing mothers whe ore cetermined by healtn profesionslato of at nutritionat risk. Conatant doliara calculatiod on the basia of the be nutritional risk. Conatant dollara eajeulatid on the basia of che
 3tatiotics.

Source: Publiated ald unpublished data trom the Proiram Information Divition, Food and Mutition service, U.S. Depertment of Aericulturs.
6. Mendstars, Encollment in Tull-yebr hesd Start prograsa has increaned by 97


|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2xic8s |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | E1985 | EX1910 | EY1955 | EY1960 | E11962 |  |
| Carollanat (thounands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-year prograse ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 229 \\ & 195 \end{aligned}$ | 292 | 362 | 396 | 42 |
| Sumer frosrmeo | 581 | $195$ | 46 | 14 |  |  |

Feceral appropriation
deral appropriation Current collars
Constent (1985) collar:


Fhest full-yert progracs run for the school year onty, f.e., b-9 months. 982.

More: Constant dollars ealoulated on the basis or the Conswer Price Indezy U.S.
 795, ind unpublishad data from the buresu of Labor 3tetistice.
 for cnilden, Yourh, and finilies, unpubliahed date.
9. Favily planolne Seryices, the number of persons servecin redersily-supportec facily planning prograns and
 sppropristions in Fy 1982 has been followed by fairly constant support at the new lower funding level. Support for family planning through Hedicaid has incressed.


|  | EX1975 | EY1980 | EY1981 | EY 1982 | Ev1983 | EV1984 | Ev1985 | EV1086 | EY1987 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total nusber of persons served under all programs | 3.9 =11. | 4.6 -411. | 4.6 =11. | na | $5.0=11$. | ne | n* | n* | n* |

Hedicsid paycents for
fanily planning
Current dollars
\$ 67 mil. $\$ 81$ mil. $\$ 139$ m11. $\$ 133$ mil. $\$ 156$ m11. $\$ 164$ mil. $\$ 195$ adi.
$\$ 136$ mil. $\$ 108$ E11. $\$ 167$ mil. $\$ 151$ mil. $\$ 171$ mil. $\$ 173$ m11. $\$ 199$ mil.
ná
na
dollars
$-$
Title X (Public
Heslth Service

Constant (1986) \$101 mil. \$165 ail. \$162 mil. \$124 mil. $\$ 124$ mil. $\$ 140$ mil. $\$ 143$ mil. $\$ 136$ mil. $\$ 143$ mil.
$\qquad$


Note: Family planning services are funded under titie $X$ of the Public Hesith Services Act, Ifte Xix of the Socisi Security Act (Hedicaid), the Socisi Services Block Grant, and the Haternal ond Child Heal th
 include payments for sterilization as well as contraceptive aervices and suppliez.

Conatant dollara are calculated on the basis of the Consumer Price Index, U.S. Burasu of the Centus, Stititation Abstract of the llited States. 1986, Table 795, and unpubliahed date from the Buresu of Labor Ststistice.

Source: Date on perzons served from: Nestor, B., mpublic Funding of Contraceptive Servioes, 1980-82, Enily Elinnime Parapictives $14(4)$, July/August 1982 ; 198-203; Gold, R. and B. Neator, wpublic Funding of Contraceptive, Sterilization and Abortion Services, 1983, winily Planninspertpectiyen 17(1)




## U.S. CHILDREN AND THEIR FAMILIES: CURRENT CONDITIONS AND RECENT TRENDS, 1987 ADDITIONAL VIEWS

We feel this report will be a valuable basis for future discussion of trends among American families, so we are pleased to sign this report. We would, however, like to add a few words of caution.
As with all statistical reports, what particular years are selected and the exact divisions of the numbers may cause variations in how the numbers may be utilized. For example, the percentage of married mothers with infants under age one who were in the workforce (39\%) is interesting, but needs to be qualified by, to name a few examples, those working at home, those whose fathers may be home with the child when the mother is not, those who have parttime work, those who shift work, and those who have the baby with them while they are working. Without such qualifiers, statistics can be misused for political purposes.

We also strongly disagree with the comment in the introduction to this report that these statistics are anything near "permanent." Trends involving human decisions are not permanent: they are freewill decisions that can be altered. It is humorous to read past projections of American or world history based upon seemingly "permanent" facts of that time period. Certain trends, such as those of single-parent families and two-parent families with small children where both parents work outside the home, do create new challenges. We need to recognize those challenges, but we don't need to exaggerate to make the point.

Lastly we think that is worth drawing attention to the obvious fact that this report contains a lot of good news. For example, this report notes that poverty among children increased $1 / 3$ from 1970 to 1981 but that increase has been virtually stopped since 1981 ( $0.6 \%$ increase in 4 years) in spite of such trends as the increasing number of single parent families and the economic readjustments in some parts of the country.
Infant mortality rates are continuing to drop among both blacks and whites. We need to do better but this is good news. SAT scores are up, drug abuse has declined, and more black children are living in families where one or both parents have finished high school.
This report will assist all of us in moving beyond rhetoric to discussing what the facts of American family life really are.

[^4]Ronald C. Packard<br>Bzau Boulter Dennis Hastert Clydz Holloway Frkd Grandy


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    * Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made * * from the original document. *
    

[^1]:    1. Fimily Living arramements, as of 1986 , nearly 15 ailison young people -- or close to 24 percent of all children under 18 -- were living in a single parent fanily with either their aother or father. Another 8 million young people were living with step-families, adoptive parents, relatives other than their biological parents, or with non-relatives. Hevertheless, nearly two-thirds were diving with both of their biological parents.
    U.S. Children_Under_18, 1986

    Humber Percentage of
    (10-0.llions) Allchiloren
    Both biological parents
    40.2

    648
    Mother only
    Fathar only
    One biological parent and
    13.2 21 1.6 3
    one stepparent
    Two adoptive parents
    Grandparents or other relatives
    Fostar parants, other non-relatives, or in zroup quarters
    5.5
    0.7 0.7
    1.3 9 otal

    1
    62.8
    
    <1 1008

[^2]:    Souron: Haytha, Howard. 'Riten in mothara' labor force ectivity Includan thooe
     fober statiotica.

[^3]:     Seriee P-20, Mo. 109. Teble 2.

[^4]:    Dan Coats, Ranking Minority Member Thomas Bretey, Jr. Frank R. Wolf barbara Vucanovich Jack Kemp
    Georar Worthey

